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3.3.1: Number of research papers per teachers in the Journals notified on UGC website during the year 2017-18

Sl No.	Title of paper	Name of the author/s	Name of journal	Year of publication	ISSN number	Is it listed in UGC Care list /Scopus/Web of Science	Page No.
1	Edited the journal (Co-Editor)	Prof. Swati Pal	The IACLALS Journal, Volume 3, 2017	2017-18	2395-1206	Prior to Release of UGC-CARE List	1
2	Edited the journal (Co-Editor)	Prof. Swati Pal	The IACLALS Journal, Volume 4, 2018	2017-18	2395-1206	Prior to Release of UGC-CARE List	2
3	Causality between Foreign Direct Investment and Economic Development: An Indian case study	Dr. Chanchal Chopra	Business Sciences International research Journal	2017-18	2321-3191	Prior to Release of UGC-CARE List	3
4	Nexus between ICT, Financial Development and Economic Performance: A Panel Analysis on BRICS Countries	Dr. Anupama Rajput, Dr. Bhawna Rajput	International Journal of Innovative Engineering and Emerging Technology (IJEET)	2017-18	2455-3182	Prior to Release of UGC-CARE List	6
5	Empirical Evidence on Causality between Financial Inclusion and Economic Growth in India Using Vector Error Correction Model	Dr. Bhawna Rajput, Dr. Anupama Rajput	International Journal of Scientific Research in Multidisciplinary Studies	2017-18	2454-9312 / 2454-6143	Prior to Release of UGC-CARE List	7
6	Health expenditure, human development and economic growth for BRICS countries: Testing for Co-integration and Causality	Dr. Bhawna Rajput, Dr. Anupama Rajput	International Journal of Applied Research	2017-18	2394-7500 /2394-5869	Prior to Release of UGC-CARE List	9



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7	Estimating Healthcare efficiency across BRICS Countries: A Stochastic Frontier Analysis	Dr. Bhawna Rajput, Dr. Anupama Rajput	International Journal of Research in Economics and Social Sciences (IJRESS)	2017-18	2249-7382	Prior to Release of UGC-CARE List	11
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9	Human Capital, Gender & Economic Growth of India: An Auto Regressive Distributed Lag Approach	Dr. Anupama Rajput, Dr. Bhawna Rajput	Journal of Advances and Scholarly Researches in Allied Education	2017-18	2230-7540	Prior to Release of UGC-CARE List	15
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11	FDI Inflows in South Asia : Policy and Trends,	Poonam Bewtra	Edu World	2017-18	2319-7129	Prior to Release of UGC-CARE List	19
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Prof. Swati Pal, PRINCIPAL

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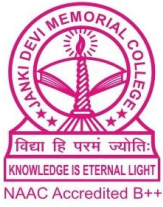
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COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

3. **Title of the article:** Causality between Foreign Direct Investment and Economic Development: An Indian case study
Author name: Dr. Chanchal Chopra
Department: Commerce Department



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**CAUSALITY BETWEEN FOREIGN
DIRECT INVESTMENT AND ECONOMIC
DEVELOPMENT AN INDIAN CASE STUDY**

Dr. Chanchal Chopra

Associate Professor, Janki Devi Memorial College,
University of Delhi, India, Sir Ganga Ram Hospital Road, New Delhi-110060

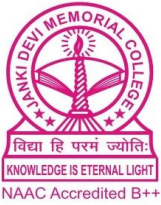
Abstract: Economic development remains an urgent global need. Although many countries have achieved significant increases in income in the last few years, there still exist great international inequalities in the level of income. The lower class of nations is still far bigger. It is to raise the standard of living of the people in such countries and to enable them to use the fruits of scientific and technological miraculous advances in agriculture, industry, transport, communication, education, health services and other fields, it is almost essential that in such economies, capital formation should take place at a higher rate than before, so that the big developmental projects may be financed properly. Thus, for rapid economic development, the central problem is capital formation. In a world of intensifying competition and accelerating technological change, the complementary and catalytic role of foreign capital is very valuable. The present paper analyses the effect of FDI, manufacturing and gross fixed capital formation on economic growth in India for the period 1978- 2016. The paper attempts to use the Johansen maximum likelihood co-integration test to determine long-run relationships among the variables being investigated. For examining the causality, the Granger causality analysis is also performed. The results show that there is uni directional causality and long run relationship from FDI to GDP and from manufacturing to GDP in case of India during the period under study. In addition to this, GDP does not granger cause with gross domestic capital formation.

Keywords: Foreign Direct Investment, Economic Development, India, Co-integration, Causality.

Introduction: Promoting the development and welfare of the people of the country is the primary concern of all the policy makers around the globe. During the last two decades and a half, Foreign Direct Investment is recognised as an important tool for the growth and development of the nations. Countries have been actively seeking FDI over the years, in view of the favourable effects of FDI on income generation, advanced technology, employment generation and managerial skills. FDI inflows amounted to US \$ 1762 billion in the world in 2015, having risen from US \$ 207 billion in 1990. Developed countries have been the recipient of 55% of FDI inflows in 2015, reversing a downturn, subsequent to the recession of 2008. United States, remained the largest FDI recipient in the world, with inflows of US \$ 380 billion. China, including Hong Kong, occupies the second place in the list of top ten recipients of FDI in the world with FDI inflows of US \$ 311 billion in 2015. India has been the fourth largest recipient in Asia and tenth largest recipient of FDI in the world in 2015 with FDI inflows amounting to US \$ 44.21 billion. More and more new policy measures continue to be geared towards FDI liberalisation and promotion by all countries around the globe.

Traditionally, policies towards promotion of FDI focused mainly on maximising inward investment flows. FDI was primarily viewed as a stable source of financing in the balance of payments. The quantitative approach looked at FDI as a tool to capital accumulation and employment generation. However, with globalisation and advancement in information technology and communication, there is free flow of factors of production over the globe. This process is favourable to all the stakeholders, since there can be efficient utilisation of capital, technology and labour. The present study attempts to examine if FDI inflows have contributed to the economic development of India over the years or not.





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India has been following the policy of liberalisation toward FDI since 1991. FDI is permissible in almost all sectors except a few. In total US \$ 424 billion have flown in India as FDI since 2001. Service sector is the largest recipient of FDI in India. In 2015-16 itself, service sector received US \$ 6.9 billion. The computer hardware and software sector is the next biggest recipient of FDI and received US \$ 2.12 billion in 2015-16. India host largest FDI inflows from Singapore, Mauritius, USA, Netherland and Japan. Huge investment projects have been announced by the government, from MNCs like Honeywell International Corporation (USA), Panasonic Corporation (Japan), Vistara Group Limited (Hong Kong), Banana Republic (USA), Apple(USA), Coolpad Group Limited (China) and Thyssenkrupp Group (Germany). The government has proposed many reforms in the FDI policy in the area of insurance and pension, asset reconstruction companies and stock exchanges, like easier fund raising norms and their governance, clarification of tax related matters and higher FDI limits. Also in the pipeline is the residency permit policy which will allow key executives of foreign companies investing US \$ 2 billion or more in India, to many facilities like special package on upscale housing, residency permits allowing long stay in the country, and cheap rates for utilities. India is likely to grant most favoured nation treatment to 15 countries and this will result in easing of investment rules for these countries. The government plans to simplify rules for FDI further by increasing FDI limits in various sectors and including more sectors in the automatic approval route to attract more FDI in the country.

Theoretical Exposition: Economic growth is one of the important indices for all the countries in the world. Economic growth of a country implies increase in social welfare of its people and increase in its development in the long period. Therefore, all the countries make special plans and policies to boost the economic growth. Economically speaking, many variables impact economic growth, for example, technology, physical capital, human capital, trade liberalisation, exchange rates & so on. Foreign capital is one of the variables which impact the economic growth of a country.

Economic growth of a country is impacted by foreign capital directly and indirectly. Foreign capital leads to increase in production, employment, value addition and exports which result in increase in GDP directly. At the same time, foreign capital increases GDP indirectly through transfer of technology knowledge and know-how, externalities, human capital formation and efficiency and productivity. Since foreign capital brings with it latest technology, with improved technology, domestically, the high quality products with lower cost will be supplied resulting in increase in national production and per capita output.

There are many theories which show that FDI results in economic growth through transfer of technology, spillover of technology and enhancement of productivity. There are other theories too, which take the opposite view. They apprehend that foreign capital decreases economic growth of a country through negative resource allocation in trade and finance. However, this may be due to poor infrastructure, inefficient human resource, and obsolete technology and so on which fail to attract latest technology & know how.

Empirical Literature: Gnangnon, Sena Kimm and Roberts, Michael (2015) 'This paper empirically examines whether the Aid for trade programmes and Foreign Direct Investment inflows affect export upgrading and whether these effects are complementary or substitutable. Export upgradation has been defined as export diversification and export quality improvement. Export diversification can be reflected in increase in the volume of active existing product lines and increase in the export of new product lines or export of new destinations or new trading partners. Export quality improvement has been associated with an improvement in the quality of existing products. The empirical analysis is conducted on a panel dataset of 86 recipient countries over the period of 1995-2010, with the focus on 23 least developed countries. Based on the system GMM approach, the results show that the total aid for trade flows have a strong impact on export upgrading. The least developed countries appear to obtain the most benefit on the diversification of their exports by increasing the volume of exports and also by improving the quality of exports. Secondly, the FDI inflows also exert a positive on export diversification in the host countries, and they also influence the quality of exports positively and strongly in the recipient countries, more importantly, the least developed countries. The study also shows that the aid for trade





4. **Title of the article:** Nexus between ICT, Financial Development and Economic Performance: A Panel Analysis on BRICS Countries
Author name: Dr. Anupama Rajput, Dr. Bhawna Rajput
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Nexus between ICT, Financial Development and Economic Performance: A Panel Analysis on BRICS Countries

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ABSTRACT

The advancement in the Information and Communication Technology (ICT) has become an important aspect of economic and financial sector of the country. The present study aims to investigate the short-run and long run inter-relationship between ICT, financial deepening and economic growth performance of BRICS countries by using a panel data analysis during the sample period of **2000 to 2016**. The methodology used in the study is the Panel Autoregressive-Distributed Lag (ARDL) model estimates using pooled mean group (PMG) estimator and the results show a statistically significant and positive effect of increase in fixed broadband subscriptions and internet connections on economic growth. The positive effects of ICT (internet users) are greater than the one from fixed line Broadband subscriptions. A 1% increase in internet users leads to approximately 0.30% improvement in economic performance measured by GDP per capita, but the fixed broadband subscription user variable resulted in about a 0.09% increase in the GDP per capita. The combined interactive effect of financial development with ICT on economic growth is positive and significant.

Keywords: ICT, Economic growth, BRICS Countries, Panel ARDL Model.

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1. INTRODUCTION



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5. **Title of the article:** Empirical Evidence on Causality between Financial Inclusion and Economic Growth in India Using Vector Error Correction Model

Author name: Dr. Bhawna Rajput, **Dr. Anupama Rajput**

Department: Commerce Department

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Empirical Evidence on Causality between Financial Inclusion and Economic Growth in India Using Vector Error Correction Model

Bhawna Rajput¹, Anupama Rajput²

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² Department of Commerce, Janki Devi Memorial College, University of Delhi, India.

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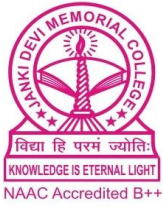
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Empirical Evidence on Causality between Financial Inclusion and Economic Growth in India Using Vector Error Correction Model

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Abstract—Financial inclusion enhances access of financial services and provides a positive impact on people's lives particularly poor people. Financial inclusion is an important aspect of inclusive and sustained economic growth. The improved and easy access of formal financial system helps to unlock the economic potential of the population. This paper attempts to examine the status of financial inclusion and the impact of economic growth and other macroeconomic variables on financial inclusion of India using annual time series data of 37 years and covers the period from 1980 to 2016. The study uses Vector Autoregressive (VAR) method consisting Johansen and Juselius multivariate approach of co integration, Vector Error Correction Model (VECM) in combination with innovation of accounting (Impulse Response Function (IRF), and Variance Decomposition (VDC) to provide empirical evidence on short-term and long-term dynamic relationship between financial inclusion and economic growth. Further, the causal relationship between financial inclusion and economic growth in India for the sample period has been analyzed using Granger causality through cointegrated Vector Autoregression methods. The analysis was carried out using multidimensional financial inclusion index based on factors such as access to financial services, penetration of the financial services and the utilization of the services. To capture the effect of the financial reform policy initiated in 1991, the shift dummy variable in 1991 is included in the cointegration test and VECM equation. The results of trace statistics of Johansen cointegrating equation indicate the existence of positive long run equilibrium relationship between economic growth and measures of financial inclusion, inflation and trade openness. In the estimation of VECM, the error



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6. **Title of the article:** Health expenditure, human development and economic growth for BRICS countries: Testing for Co-integration and Causality

Author name: Dr. Bhawna Rajput, **Dr. Anupama Rajput**

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Health expenditure, human development and economic growth for BRICS countries: Testing for co-integration and causality

AUTHOR(S)

Dr. Bhawna Rajput and Dr. Anupama Rajput

ABSTRACT

The linkage between health indicators, population growth and economic growth and human development is attempted to investigate in this study in BRICS countries for the period 2000-2017. The panel co-integration, panel Fully-Modified Ordinary Least Squares (FMOLS) model and Granger's Causality tests are used to identify the long-run relationship and direction of causality amongst the variables. The empirical results depict long-run relationship amongst the variables. Panel FMOLS provides evidence of positive and significant impact on the economic growth and Human well-being of the countries. Panel Granger's Causality test depicts bi-directional causality between economic growth and health expenditure in the short-run. Thus, economic growth enables advancement of health care facilities and the better health indicators can allow higher economic growth. The study provides empirical evidence of short-run uni-directional causality from human development to health expenditure. Therefore, better human development conditions leads to higher health care expenditure.

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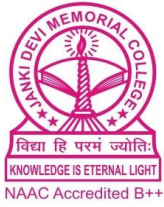
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7. **Title of the article:** Estimating Healthcare efficiency across BRICS Countries: A Stochastic Frontier Analysis

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Article

ESTIMATING HEALTH CARE EFFICIENCY ACROSS BRICS COUNTRIES: A STOCHASTIC FRONTIER ANALYSIS

January 2018

Authors:



Bhawna Rajput
University of Delhi



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University of Delhi

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The emerging economies have lower level of public spending on health care and health outcomes. The efficient use of public health expenditure can have significant improvements in the health care services with the same level of public health expenditure. The present study provides empirical estimates of efficiency of public health expenditure and compares the efficiency and associated potential gains of health systems across BRICS countries over the sample period 2000-2016 by using stochastic frontier technique. The empirical model includes the social and life style factors affecting health outcomes to estimate the efficiency. The results suggest that BRICS countries depict 88 percent average efficiency during the sample period with South Africa depicting the lowest efficiency level of 74 percent. Countries can improve healthy life expectancy by around 7 years on an average by eliminating the wastages and following best practices.

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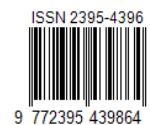
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Bound Test Co-Integration Approach to The Analysis of Relationships Between Gender Inequality & Sustainable Development in India

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²Associate Professor, Department of Commerce, Janki Devi Memorial College, University of Delhi

Abstract

This paper attempts to analyze short term and long term effects of gender inequality on economic performance and human development of India using annual time series data for the period of 2000-2017. The study employed Auto-Regressive Distributed Lag (ARDL) model with GDP per Capita and Human Development Index (HDI) as a proxy for sustainable as dependent variable and composite Gender Inequality Index, investment and trade openness as independent variables. The empirical results show significantly negative impact of the gender inequality on sustainable economic growth and human well-being of India in the short run as well as long run. Thus gender equality is not merely an issue of social relevance but also an economic necessity.

Keywords: Economic Performance, Human Development Index, Auto Regressive Distributed Lag, Gender Inequality.



Swati Pal



9. **Title of the article:** Human Capital, Gender & Economic Growth of India: An Auto Regressive Distributed Lag Approach
Author name: Dr. Anupama Rajput, Dr. Bhawna Rajput
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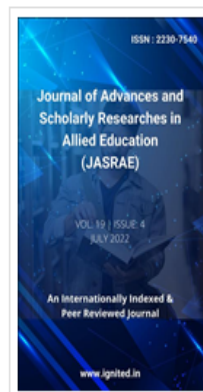
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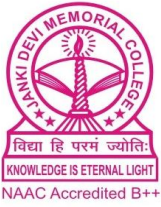
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Human Capital, Gender & Economic Growth of India: An Auto-Regressive Distributed Lag Approach

Dr. Anupama Rajput^{1*} Dr. Bhawna Rajput²

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² Associate Professor, Department of Commerce, Aditi Mahavidyalaya, University of Delhi, India

Abstract – Human Capital is an essential prerequisite of sustainable economic growth. The investment in education allows for improvements in the technical capabilities related to exploring of new ideas and innovations which enables the improvement in the quality of human capital of the country. It enhances the quality of life and leads to collective benefits to individuals and societies. The paper examines the short and long run relationship between defined by education variables and economic growth for India using Autoregressive Distributed Lag (ARDL) method of bound testing approach to co integration and error correction model using the annual data for the period 1970 – 2018. The study has incorporated Gross enrolment ratio at primary, secondary and tertiary level education as a proxy for human capital. The educational variables are also analyzed by gender to see impact of female education on economic growth. The study found the existence of co integration between all educational variables and economic performance of the country. The primary education level is found to be growth inducing factors in the short-run and long run. The tertiary level education is found to have positive and significant contribution to the economic growth in the long run. The gender analysis shows that primary male education level has a higher contribution to the growth in the short as well as long run. The female tertiary education level has the higher contribution to the economic growth of the country in the long run as compared to the males. Though, equal opportunity to education should be provided to male and female yet special attention need to be given to improve the enrolment rates of female in the higher education. The study

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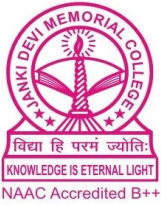
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Digital Dilemma, Cyber Frauds and Mobile Banking in India

Amita Charan

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Keywords: Digital reforms, economic pressure, competition, legal

ABSTRACT

the contrary, e-security of funds with the help of passwords, PIN, TTN, OTP, firewall system, traces and detection of unauthorized transaction are other important aspects of digital banking under regulatory provisions. Some other forms of electronic transactions are also popular in India that are not included in legal Bankers, intermediaries and investors are adapting quality banking practices and opting for latest advancements in banking technology for offering better banking solutions. Digital banking is one of the paramount booms in the last 15 years for the Indian economy. Indian banking sector is undergoing plethora of reforms including legal, financial, technological and economic reforms. With the advent of World Wide Web, Web 3.0, fifth generation devices, legal framework for dealing with technology, electronic governance, vigilance and constant innovation in the field of information technology, our lives have become so complicated as

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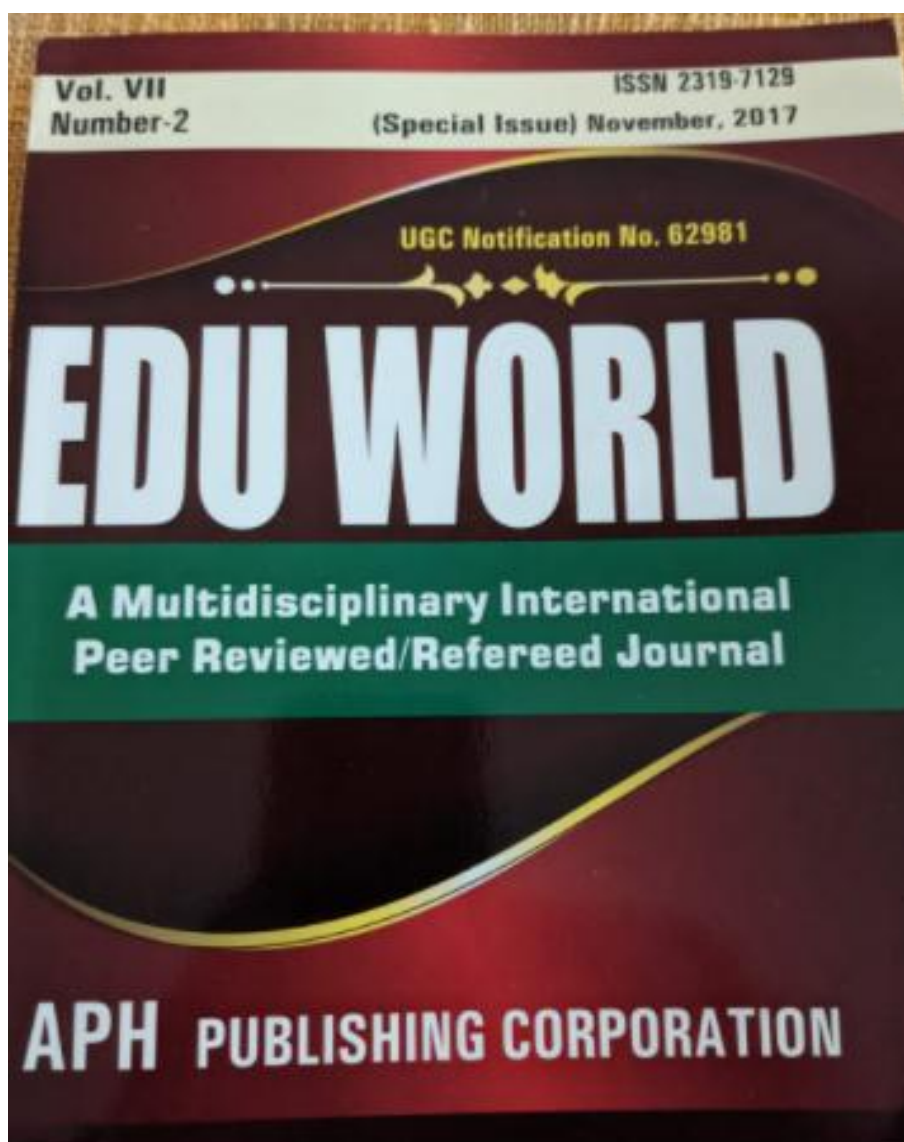
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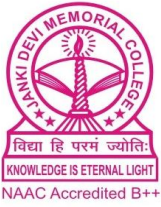
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FDI Inflows in South Asia : Policy and Trends

Dr. Pooram Bewtra*

ABSTRACT

Foreign direct investment (FDI) is a key driver as well as manifestation of economic globalization. An interesting feature of the global economy during the last decade is the increasing integration of developing economies as they continue to grab a larger share of global FDI inflows. However, not every developing economy region has been able to derive benefit from the new and emerging economic order. In this context, the present paper examines the trends and patterns of global FDI inflows for the period 1980 to 2013. It specifically focuses on South Asia and discusses how restrictive investment policies and loose economic integration has resulted in the relatively smaller share of FDI inflow in the region vis-à-vis other developing Asian economies' regions.

Keywords: Foreign Direct Investment, South Asia, Investment Policies.

INTRODUCTION

A key driver of international economic integration, Foreign Direct Investment refers to the cross border investment made by a resident in one economy (the direct investor) with the objective of establishing a lasting interest in an enterprise (the direct investment enterprise) that is resident in a country other than that of the direct investor (OECD, 2008)¹. The importance of foreign direct investment (FDI) in the development process of an economy is well established. It is argued that inflows of FDI help to bridge the gap between the desired and actual level of capital stock (Noorbakhsh et al, 2001; Hayami, 2001), generate employment possibilities and leads to productivity enhancement through its management and technology spillover effects (Pradhan, 2003; UNCTAD, 2006; Gordon, 2001; Balesundram, 2000; Azmat, 1999; Rodriguez-Clare, 1996). The recognition of positive effects of FDI to the host economy has been instrumental in pulling many countries to increasingly integrate in the global economy by the means of adopting market based economic reforms and liberalization of foreign investment policies. The gradual opening up of various developing economies since the 1980s is one of the factors leading to a manifold increase in global FDI flows. As the amount of FDI inflows to a country are positively influenced by various factors including the market size, the growth potential of the host economy, quality of infrastructure and law and order situation, many developing countries have constantly strived to improve their performance on these grounds so as to attract the larger share of global FDI flows (Ramasamy & Yeung, 2010; Singhania & Gupta, 2011; Khan & Nawaz, 2010; Sahoo, 2006; Bhavan et al., 2011).

In this context, the paper provides a brief overview of the trends in global FDI with a special focus on the FDI inflows in South Asia. Following the introduction, the paper is organized as follows: Section II lays down the theoretical framework- the 'HOW' and 'WHY' of FDI, Section III discusses the trends of FDI flows on three levels- global, developing Asian economies and South Asia. The last section concludes.

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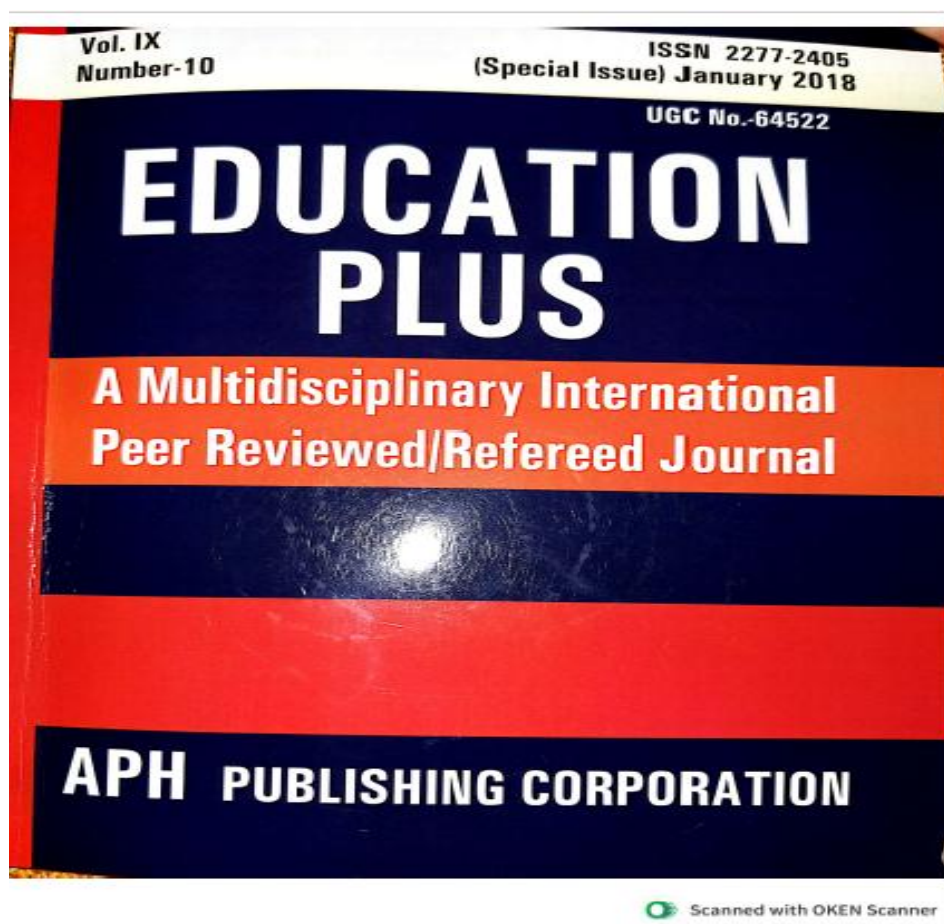
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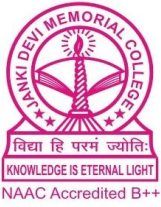
12. **Title of the article:** Locational Determinants of FDI Inflows in South Asia

Author name: Poonam Bewtra

Department: Commerce Department



Swati Pal



Locational Determinants of FDI Inflows in South Asia

Dr. Poonam Bewtra*

ABSTRACT

The importance of foreign direct investment (FDI) in the development process of an economy is well established. Recognizing the importance of direct and indirect benefits of FDI beyond a source of capital, such as employment generation, productivity enhancement, knowledge spillovers etc., governments in many developing economies offer various fiscal incentives and enabling business environments to attract foreign investors. Research has suggested that foreign investors consider various locational factors when deciding where to invest. This includes market size, availability of tangible and intangible resources, quality of institutions, among others. In the context, this paper examines the locational determinants of FDI inflows in the South Asian economies. An exploratory examination of various macro-economic variables, infrastructural quality and institutional factors indicates that while the market size and growth prospects of the region make it an attractive investment destination for market-seeking FDI, the poor quality of infrastructure, perception of rampant corruption and poor business regulatory environment are the key deterring factors for potential investors.

Keywords: Foreign Direct Investment, South Asia, Locational factors, Corruption, Institutional Quality

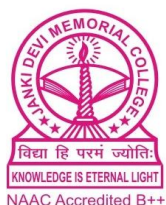
INTRODUCTION

A key driver of international economic integration, Foreign Direct Investment refers to the cross border investment made by a resident in one economy (the direct investor) with the objective of establishing a lasting interest in an enterprise (the direct investment enterprise) that is resident in a country other than that of the direct investor (OECD, 2008)¹. The importance of foreign direct investment (FDI) in the development process of an economy is well established. It is argued that inflows of FDI help to bridge the gap between the desired and actual level of capital stock (Noorbakhsh and Yousef, 2001; Hayami, 2001), generate employment possibilities and leads to productivity enhancement through its management and technology spillover effects (Pradhan, 2003; UNCTAD, 2006; Gordon, 2001; Balasundram, 2000; Azmat, 1999; Rodriguez-Clare, 1996). The recognition of positive effects of FDI to the host economy has been instrumental in pulling many countries to increasingly integrate in the global economy by the means of adopting market based economic reforms and liberalization of foreign investment policies. The gradual opening up of various developing economies since the 1980s is one of the factors leading to a manifold increase in global FDI flows. As the amount of FDI inflows to a country are positively influenced by various factors including the market size, the growth potential of the host economy, quality of infrastructure and law and order situation, many developing countries have constantly strived to improve their performance on these grounds so as to attract the larger share of global FDI flows (Ramasaamy & Yeung, 2010; Singhania & Gupta, 2011; Khan & Nawaz, 2010; Sahoo, 2006; Bhavan et al., 2011).

*Associate Professor, Department of Commerce, Janki Devi Memorial College, University of Delhi
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Swati Pal



13. **Title of the article:** GST: Advantages and Disadvantages For Startups in India

Author name: Shivani Thakur

Department: Commerce Department

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GST - Advantages and Disadvantages for startups in India

Shivani Thakur

Abstract :

GST also known as the Goods and Services Tax is defined as the giant indirect tax structure designed to support and enhance the economic growth of a country. More than 150 countries have implemented GST so far. However, the idea of GST in India was mooted by Vajpayee government in 2000 and the tax came in to effect from July 1, 2017 through the implementation of one hundred and first amendment of the constitutions of India by Modi Government. This tax has many advantages and disadvantages for startups and tiny business in India. This paper highlights the advantages and disadvantages for startups and tiny business in India.

Keywords :

GST Indirect Tax Goods and service Tax

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14. Title of the article: Environmental Kuznets Curve: An Empirical Analysis in the Indian Context

Author name: Sakshi Gambhir

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Environmental Kuznets Curve: An Empirical Analysis in the Indian Context

Gambhir Sakshi
Assistant Professor, Janki Devi Memorial College, University of Delhi, Delhi, India. (Email id: gambhir_sakshi@yahoo.co.in)
Online published on 14 May, 2018.

Abstract

The relationship between economic growth and environmental quality has been much under dispute. According to the EKC (Environmental Kuznets Curve) hypothesis, environmental damage increases in the early stages of economic growth, but diminishes once nations reach higher levels of income. While the notion EKC is well established, there is controversy about its shape, incidence and determinants. In this paper, we model EKC with the variables of GDP and CO₂ emissions (aggregate and per capita) using alternative model specifications to bridge the gap between conventional and modern EKC literature. We also place the theoretical construct of EKC into a policy-oriented framework by incorporating the impact of four global policy periods namely, liberalisation, globalisation, world recovery and global financial crisis. We substantiate a cubic form of EKC in the Indian context for the time period 1991 to 2014. With aggregate CO₂ emissions as the dependent variable, the linear, quadratic and cubic terms are all significant with the expected signs, which confirm an N-shaped EKC for India. Even with per capita emissions as the dependent variable, existence of an N-shaped EKC is established. In this case however, evidence on the cubic term is rather weak which points towards the difference in socio-psychological factors that influence the revival of upturn in the case of India. The policy period analysis does not show any distinct results, which could be due to contradictory effects on different variables and volatility in these variables.

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15. Title of the article: Emotional Intelligence as a Mediator between Leadership style and Leadership Effectiveness: A Theoretical Framework.

Author name: Urvashi Sharma, **Anisha**

Department: Commerce Department

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Emotional intelligence as a mediator between leadership styles and leadership effectiveness: A theoretical framework

Sharma Urvashi*, Anisha**

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**Research Scholar, Department of Commerce, Delhi School of Economics, University of Delhi

Online published on 27 April, 2018.

Abstract

The importance of emotional intelligence as a measure for identifying potentially effective leaders and as a tool for developing effective leadership style is undisputed. The aim of the present paper is to develop a conceptual model that brings together theories, studies and researches on emotional intelligence, leadership styles and leadership effectiveness. The study focuses on the primary relationship between leadership styles and leadership effectiveness and draws on the role of emotional intelligence as a mediator of this relationship. The theoretical framework is formulated based on extant literature with the hope of stimulating more systematic research efforts in future. Additionally, testable propositions are formulated and implications for practice are discussed.

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ECONOMICS DEPARTMENT

16. Title of the article: Some linkages of Irrigation with Productivity

Author name: Kumar Amit and Puja Pal

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India being an economy primarily dependent of agriculture, it is necessary to increase the productivity to feed the growing population with ease. This paper looks at the irrigation and its linkages with productivity (for food grain and non food grain).

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Puja Pal



International Journal of Social Science and Economic Research

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Volume:03, Issue:01 "January 2018"

SOME LINKAGES OF IRRIGATION WITH PRODUCTIVITY

Amit Kumar¹ and Puja Pal¹

¹Research scholar at Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India

ABSTRACT

India being an economy primarily dependent of agriculture, it is necessary to increase the productivity to feed the growing population with ease. This paper looks at the irrigation and its linkages with productivity (for food grain and non-food grains) and concludes that there is definite positive relationship, so it is imperative to develop irrigation facilities if we need a sustainable growth in agricultural sector.

Keywords: Irrigation, Crop productivity, Land holdings, Performance, Cropping pattern

INTRODUCTION

Assured water supply is followed by prosperity, opportunities for employment, the increment in income and enhancement of the capital formation. Irrigation has played a crucial role in the agricultural development of the country, and it is termed as the lifeline for the sustained growth of agriculture (Reddy and Ramakrishna; 1995).



Puja Pal



17. Title of the article: Does Inequality Lead to Greater Inequality in India?

Author name: Pankaj Khandelwal and Jasmin

Department: Economics Department

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DOES INEQUALITY LEAD TO GREATER INEQUALITY IN INDIA?

PANKAJ KHANDELWAL & JASMIN

Research Scholar, Assistant Professor (ADHOC), Jesus and Mary College, New Delhi, India

ABSTRACT

People in India live amidst sharp inequalities. This inequality has multiple dimensions and is ever growing. The British rule influenced the Indian society in many respects. The western ideology which is still considered to be superior, took over, bringing about riches to a few and exclusion for the rest. The elite class created under the British rule has taken up the leadership task in the post-independence period. The leaders in the post-independence period have borrowed a western model of growth and the western influence continues to exclude the already marginalised from the growth process.

KEYWORDS: Leadership, Post-Independence, British Rule

INTRODUCTION

According to the World Bank data on India, in the year 1994 the income share held by highest 10% was 25.98 while that held by the lowest 10% was 3.95, for the year 2010 these shares are 28.79 and 3.69 respectively. Inequality in India, for the period 2000-10 in terms of the income gini coefficient was 36.8. The proportion of population having dietary energy consumption below the 2100/2400 Kcal norm in India continues to rise since 1993-94¹. The figures point out that



Swati Pal



18. **Title of the article:** Covergence and Regional Disparities across Major Indian States
Author name: Sakshi Goel Bansal
Department: Economics Department

Convergence and Regional Disparities across Major Indian States

Saksh Goel Bansal¹ • Ved Prakash Bansal²

Janki Dev Memorial College, University of Delhi
Satyawati College (Eve.), University of Delhi

Email Id: sakshi.eco@gmail.com

1. Introduction

There is a need to analyse the important factors leading to differences in growth across Indian states and also to identify the vital policy issues that need to be streamline and the slow growing Indian states are to achieve higher growth rates in future. The disparities are not limited to growth rate but also in many socio-economic variables. In view of this, we look into the

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important social indicators taken by researchers are private investment/financial intermediation, level and quality of human capital, size of government; industrial relations climate, reform of labour regulations, infrastructure, role of services sector and agriculture climate [see, for example, Dholakia (2003), Ghosh (2006) and Purfield (2006)]. The social indicators has helped the study analyze and convergence among countries in terms of a more comprehensive measure of development than per capita income.

2. Review of Literature

The growth theory (neoclassical) of convergence was experimented by Barro and Sala-i-Martin (1995). They focused on per capita (average) incomes for 90 European Union (EU) regions in the period 1950-51 to 1990-91 by using cross-section regressions analysis; there are



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19. **Title of the article:** Farmer Crisis in India and Loan Waiver Policy
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FARMER CRISIS IN INDIA AND LOAN WAIVER POLICY

Deepak Manchanda

Assistant Professor, Janki Devi Memorial College, University of Delhi.

ABSTRACT:-

This paper examines various risk factors which are behind the farmers crisis and Why Loan waiver and raising support prices schemes are not an adequate tool to solve such problem?

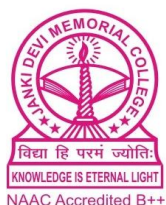
KEYWORDS: Agriculture sector, service sector, high growth performance.

INTRODUCTION:

In India, Agriculture sector doesn't require any introduction. As we all know, India is considered to be an agrarian economy where a majority of labour force occupied in agriculture and agriculture-related industries. After independence, India's growth performance is like a rollercoaster ride but last two-decade performance was extremely well as compared to other developing countries. India's growth picture doesn't reflect each sector same growth, over here there was large disparity among the sector-wise and state-wise growth. The major dominating factor behind India's growth is service sector. Many economists predict that the high growth performance will lead to trickle down effect but in India's case, it was not seen, As agriculture sector growth rate



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20. **Title of the article:** Impact of Social Schemes on Informal Labour Economy in India
Author name: Deepak Manchanda
Department: Economics Department



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IMPACT OF SOCIAL SECURITY SCHEMES ON INFORMAL LABOUR ECONOMY IN INDIA

Deepak Manchanda

Assistant Professor, Janki Devi Memorial College, University of Delhi.

ABSTRACT:-

India's persistent high growth rate over a decade is remarkable but the majority of labor force i.e. informal labor has not much benefit from this high growth rate. As per the NSSO (2009-10), total employment in a country was 46.5 crore out of which only 2.8 crore employed in organized sector and the remaining unorganized sector. Time to time, Government has implemented various social security schemes to uplift the status of informal labor but they were not up to the mark. Since society's development can go with proper social security mechanism. Many factors such as poverty, crop failure, recession, disguised unemployment give birth to the informal sector. Social security is a mechanism of providing or making accessibility of basic amenities to the masses. This paper primarily focuses on Informal labor sector, various social security schemes and its impact on Informal labor sector.

KEYWORDS: Informal laour, economy.

INTRODUCTION:

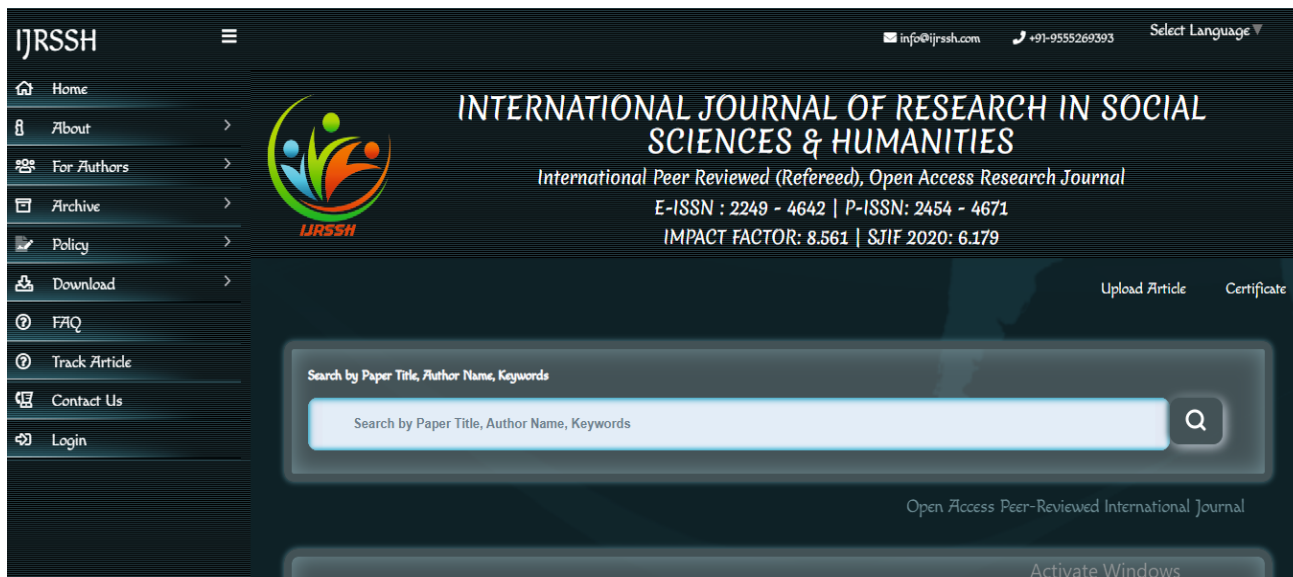
Unorganized or Informal labor has categorized into four groups as per Ministry of Labour, Government of India, that is based on Occupation, nature of employment, Special distressed categories and service categories. As per occupation, it considers Landless farmers, sharecroppers, workers in brick kilns, Oil mills, sawmills, leather workers, building and construction workers etc. Under Nature of employment, it considers Bonded laborers, migrant workers, casual and contract laborers etc. As per special distressed category, it includes manual



Swati Pal



21. **Title of the article:** Social Security Provisions for India's Informal Economy
Author name: Puja Pal
Department: Economics Department



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**SOCIAL SECURITY PROVISIONS
FOR INDIA'S INFORMAL ECONOMY**

PUJA PAL
Research Scholar, Jawaharlal Nehru University

ABSTRACT

India has performed reasonably well since 1980 in terms of economic growth but still large proportions of the Informal workers are outside the realm of social security provisions. Indian Government has not provided any comprehensive social security provisions to the workers in an Informal sector. Only 6 % of working population has access to the social security benefits while 94 % have little or no access at all. The paper provides the overview of Social Security issues in India in general and Informal Sector in particular.

UNDERSTANDING SOCIAL SECURITY

Conceptually, Social security notion is quite complex and open ended one. The term "Social Security" has no common recognized definition as it has evolved over the years, and it differ from country to country, and it can be understood in many ways. Social security as a concept is dynamic.



Puja Pal

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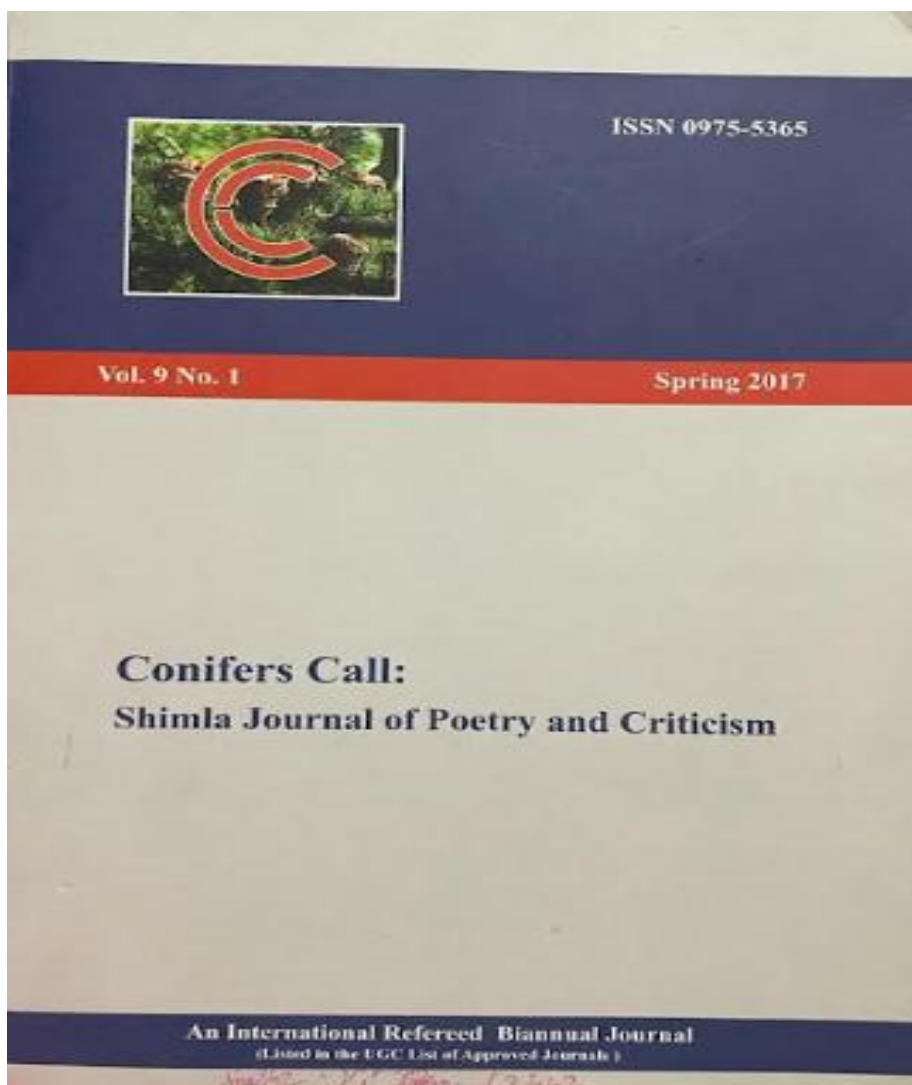
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22. **Title of the article:** A book review: R.K. Lakhanpal, Driftwood
Author name: Namita Sethi
Department: English Department



Swati Pal

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Swati Pal



Book Reviews

186

R.A. Lakhanpal, *Driftwood*. Gurgaon: Poetry Society of India, 2016.

Namita Sethi

R.A. Lakhanpal made his foray into poetry writing at the ripe age of 72 but seems to have a natural flair for it and has caught up fast. The title of this fourth collection of his poems suggests a deceptive ease and languor. The poems, however, are crafted with care though easy on the eyes. The themes are divided into four major parts: "Social, Romanticism, Nature and Metaphysical", along with 3 added sections at the end. However, all the poems are to some degree meditations upon the passage of time and the changes it brings in its wake.

"Driftwood", the poem whose title mirrors that of the collection, is a very good example of the complexity that underlies the seemingly simple themes and flowing lines that follow the course of the Chandrabhaga river from its source. In this narrative of the branch that drifts away from the tree it falls from and flows down the river, I assume that the poet has in mind the Chandrabhaga river whose source is in Himachal but it flows through Kashmir as the Chenab river and then into the plains of Punjab in Pakistan. The socio-political context is a subtle undercurrent in a nature poem which is invoked in words such as "chawar" and "rehal" which are deliberately left untranslated. It brings out their cultural embeddedness and the secular context as rehal is used for holding sacred (prayer) texts in Hinduism, Islam and Sikhism. The branch that is said to have dreamed of being used as an object of art or "a sacred chawar or rehal", is seen as drifting from its course till it "became instead/Soaked in the fires of revenge and hatred/A firearm's butt." This title poem is an example of how the poems can be read simply as nature poems or appreciated for the social contexts and complexities that they point towards, belying the surface a-historicity or sometimes its mythical reconstruction in poems such as "Time" where time flows eternally, a witness to the sorrows of each yuga. "The Lady" is a poem dedicated to Aung San Suu Kyi and playfully directs the reader to the film of the same title (Luc Besson's *The Lady*, 2011). The poem refers to her as "slightly built" but a "stoic Visionary/Towering giant/Bred on Buddhist and Indic thought". The poet refers to the restoration of democracy and addresses that nation thus:

"Now breath, freely Burmese," And uses the image of the bull trampled by the mother Goddess to celebrate the vanquishing of the tyrannical regime of the "self-wounded junta/ Lying underneath the feet of primordial Shakti". Like "Driftwood", this poem engages with historical events and processes, even though the concluding image in it is of "a white cloud" on an "azure sky".

In a very different tone, the (image of and) reference to "driftwood" also occurs in a poem called "Bygone Days" in the "Romanticism" section of love poems:



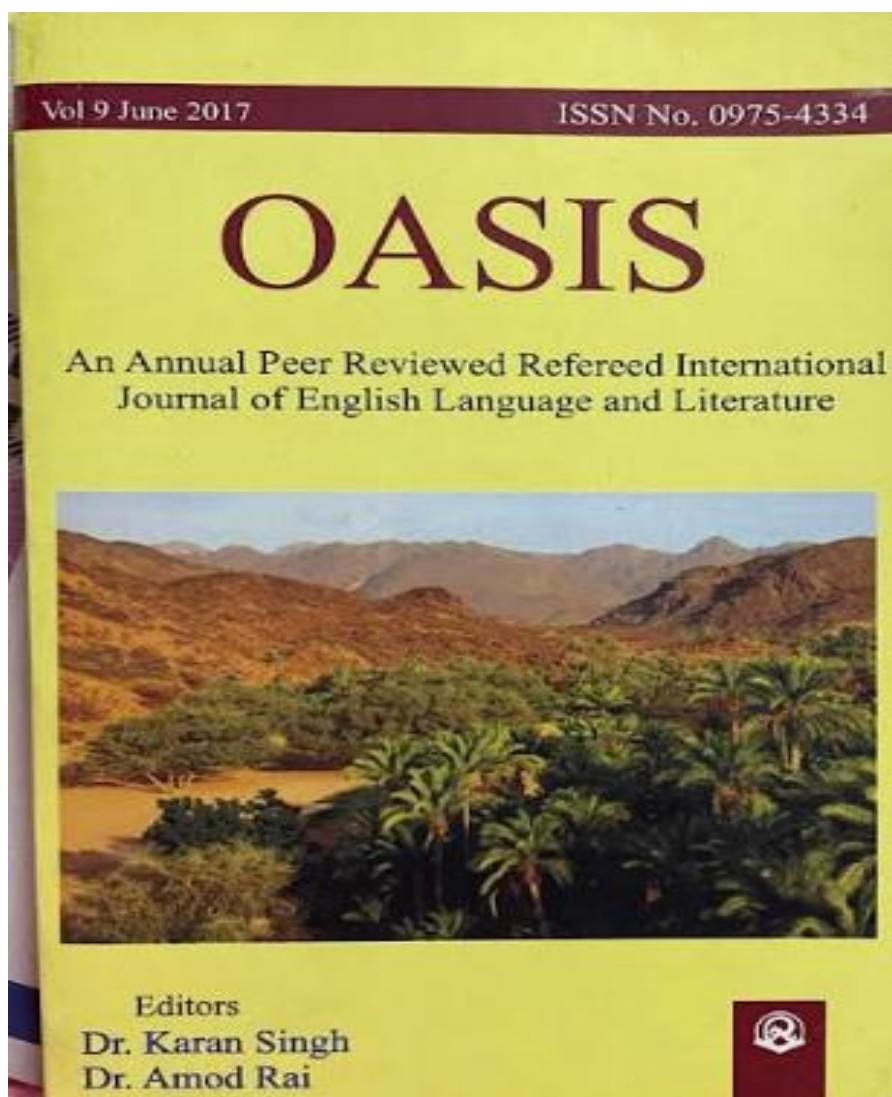
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23. **Title of the article:** Revisiting Female Identity: A Study of Selected Fiction About Santhals,

Author name: Namita Sethi

Department: English Department



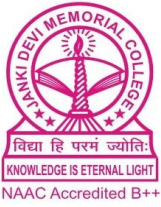
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Revisiting Female Identity: A Study of Selected Fiction about Santhals

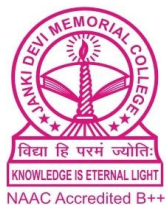
Namita Sethi

This paper explores the theme of women and sectarian violence in fiction about Santhal women by looking at Jaiwanti Dimri's novella *To Sarju With Love* (2017) (originally published in Hindi as *Sarju Ke Naam*, 2006), Ranendra's novel *Lords of the Global Village* (translated from the Hindi *Global Gaon ke Devta*) and Hansda Sowvendra Shekhar's collection of stories: *The Adivasi Will Not Dance*. The mineral rich state of Jharkhand has been the site of much conflict and dispossession of the Adivasis. Each of these texts explores the lives of people from the Santhal community, especially women, against the backdrop of violence caused by conflicts between various sects within areas of Jharkhand as well its contemporary manifestations spread across the nation and abroad in the case of Dimri's novella.

To Sarju with Love is a story about a migrant labourer turned domestic help, called Sukurmani, who the narrator meets when she is posted in a town called Kanglung in Bhutan. The narrator is an academic who visits Bhutan, just as the writer Jaiwanti Dimri did under the Colombo plan, and she is called 'Memaash' by Sukurmani because she employs her as domestic help. Dimri draws upon her own experiences to give us a glimpse into the struggles of the large number of Indian labourers working on construction sites which range from roads, dams and bridges as part of the technical co-operation partnership between India and Bhutan. Dimri



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24. **Title of the article:** Making the visible invisible: the stories of Hansa sowvendra shekhar,
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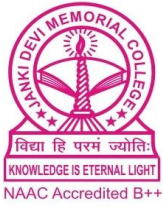
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**MAKING THE INVISIBLE VISIBLE:
THE STORIES OF HANSDA SOWVENDRA SHEKHAR**

Namita Sethi

The Adivasi Will Not Dance (TAWND 2015) is a striking collection of stories by Hansda Sowvendra Shekhar who is an indigenous Indian writer in English. Using Santhali, Oriya, Hindi and Bangla words without translating them, Shekhar offers a polyphonous prose that sings of degrees of dispossession and marginalization in recognizable literary modes, avoiding the anthropological style usually favoured in such narratives. His irony never misses its mark and at the same time the political concerns blend seamlessly into tales that appeal to the imagination. Resisting easy categorization, the writing gives insights into every day middleclass Santhali life as well as sensitive portrayals of characters who live at the margins of society.

In both *The Mysterious Ailment of Rupi Baskey* (2014), his first novel, and *The Adivasi Will Not Dance*, Shekhar explores the themes of Santhal aspirations and alienation. Both look back at Jaipal Singh the Adivasi leader who in 1946 expressed the hope for "equality of opportunity, where no one will be neglected" (Speech made to Jawaharlal Nehru in 1946 at the Constituent Assembly, Qtd. by Guha). However, as Ramachandra Guha has argued globalization and the postcolonial period has seen continued exploitation of the tribals of peninsular India in the name of democratic development by the wider economy and polity. He points out that they are worse off than other disadvantaged groups. While Dalits and Muslims have had some impact in shaping the national discourse on democracy and governance, the tribals remain not just marginal but invisible (Guha).

Shekhar's characters often face discrimination not only from upper caste characters but also at the hands of Dalits and other marginalized groups. In the story "Eating with the Enemy," Sulochana, who is a Ghaasi Harijan, shrinks back in horror from Adivasis. The situation is rife with comic irony because she does not realize that her employer and confidante is a Santhal, living as they do in a colony full of Bengali households.

- **Dr. Namita Sethi** is Associate Professor in the Department of English at Janki Devi Memorial College, University of Delhi.

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25. **Title of the article:** India
Author name: Payal Nagpal, Shyamala A. Narayan
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Article

India

Compiled and introduced by **Shyamala A. Narayan**
and **Payal Nagpal**
Bangalore and University of Delhi

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Introduction

2016 saw the emergence of some new poets and novelists. Established poets and novelists like Jayanta Mahapatra, Eunice de Souza, Gopikrishnan Kottoor, Hoshang Merchant, Manohar Shetty, Murali Sivaramakrishnan, Tabish Khair, Lakshmi Kannan, Shashi Deshpande, Chitra Banerjee Divakaruni, Manju Kapur, Namita Gokhale, and Aravind Adiga have published new work. Vasanth Kannabiran's *Menaka and Other Ballets* is an interesting experiment in dramaturgy. However, the most interesting entries in this year's list belong to non-fiction: Manju Jaidka's moving account of bringing up a son with special needs, Nilanjana Roy's essays in *The Girl Who Ate Books*, Amitav Ghosh's book on climate change, and Shashi Tharoor's exposé of the inequities of colonization in *An Era of Darkness: The British Empire in India*.

There has been a surge of interesting poetry in 2016 from different parts of the country. While 2015 was marked by experimentation, this year poets chose to use a more stable form. Moving away from new styles in visual poetry, most collections are divided into sections, each with a set of poems that bear out the nuance of the title. The use of



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26. **Title of the article:** The eye of the beholder: Catching retinablastoma early
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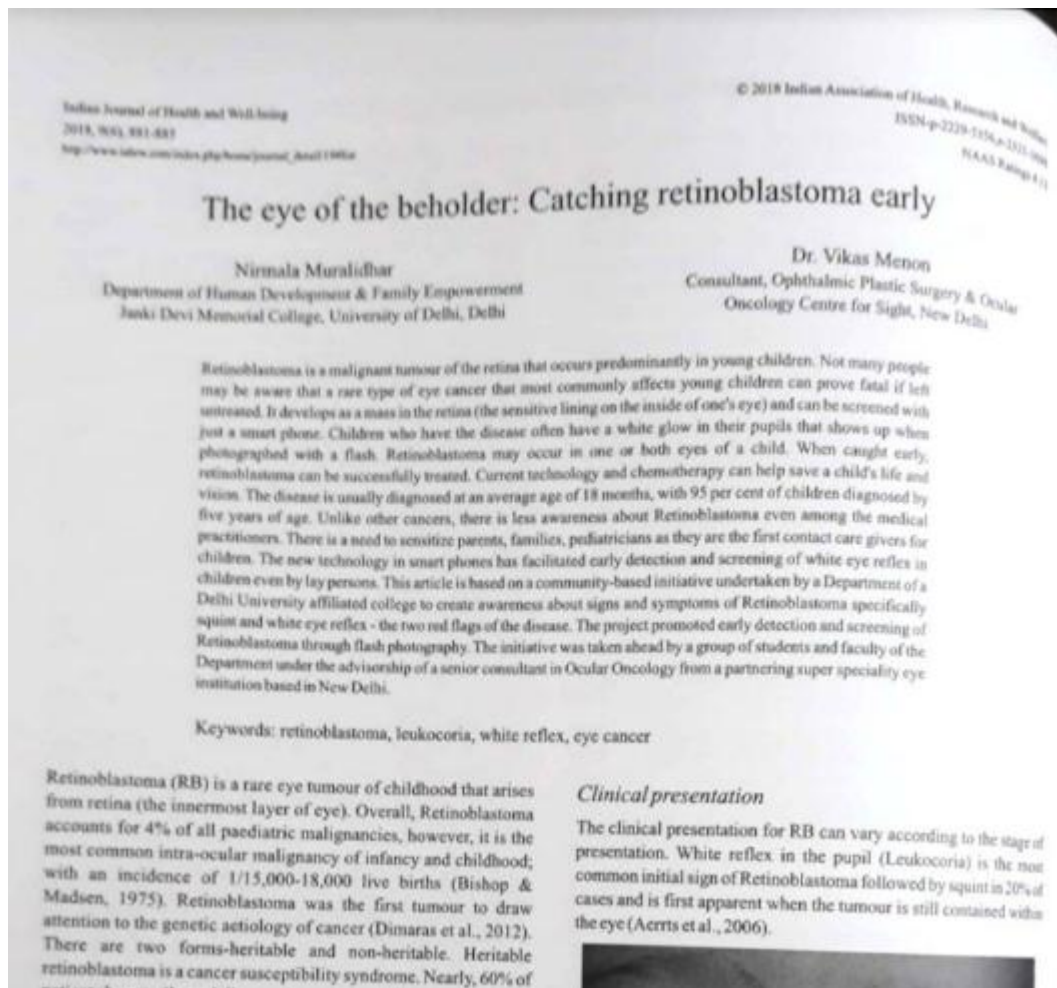
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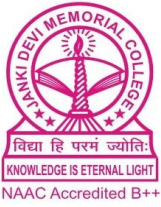
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HINDI DEPARTMENT

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Department: Vice- Principal

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मीडिया बनाम संस्कृति

डॉ. संध्या गर्ग,

एसोसिएट प्रोफेसर,

जानकी देवी मेमोरियल कॉलेज, दिल्ली यूनिवर्सिटी

आज का युग सूचना का युग है। मीडिया आज का संजय बन गया है जो धृतराष्ट्र (पाठक, श्रोता, दर्शक) को दूर देश में घटित वह सब प्रस्तुत करता है जो वे स्वयं नहीं देख सकते। जिस प्रकार धृतराष्ट्र संजय पर आश्रित थे, वह जानना चाहते थे कि महाभारत के युद्ध में कहां, क्या घटित हो रहा है? पर स्वयं नेत्रहीन होने के कारण उनके लिए कुछ भी देख पाना संभव नहीं था। संजय अपनी दूरदृष्टि से युद्ध के मैदान की प्रत्येक घटना को देखते और फिर शब्दशः उसका वर्णन कर देते। मीडिया की आज यही भूमिका हो चुकी है। निश्चित रूप से जब हम संसार को जानने के लिए उस पर आश्रित हो चुके हैं तो उसका प्रभाव जनमानस पर होगा ही।

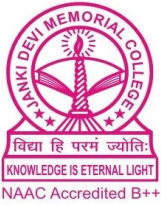
यदि किसी मछली से पछा जाए कि

सूचना का प्रसार किसी भी समाज के विकास के लिए आवश्यक है। मीडिया के अभाव में किसी घटना पर लोगों के विचार एक-दूसरे तक संप्रेषित नहीं होंगे तथा समाज के संतुलित विकास में उनका योगदान नगण्य होगा या कहा जा सकता है कि समाज का विकास होगा ही नहीं। मीडिया को 'वाचडॉग्स' कहा गया है, वह समाज, सरकार पर नज़र रखता है। लोकतंत्र में इसीलिए प्रेस को स्वतंत्र घोषित किया गया है। यहीं प्रश्न है कि मीडिया की जिम्मेदारी भी इस संदर्भ में बढ़ जाती है कि वह कहाँ, क्या, कैसे संप्रेषित करे, जो सर्वाधिक जन के हक में हो।

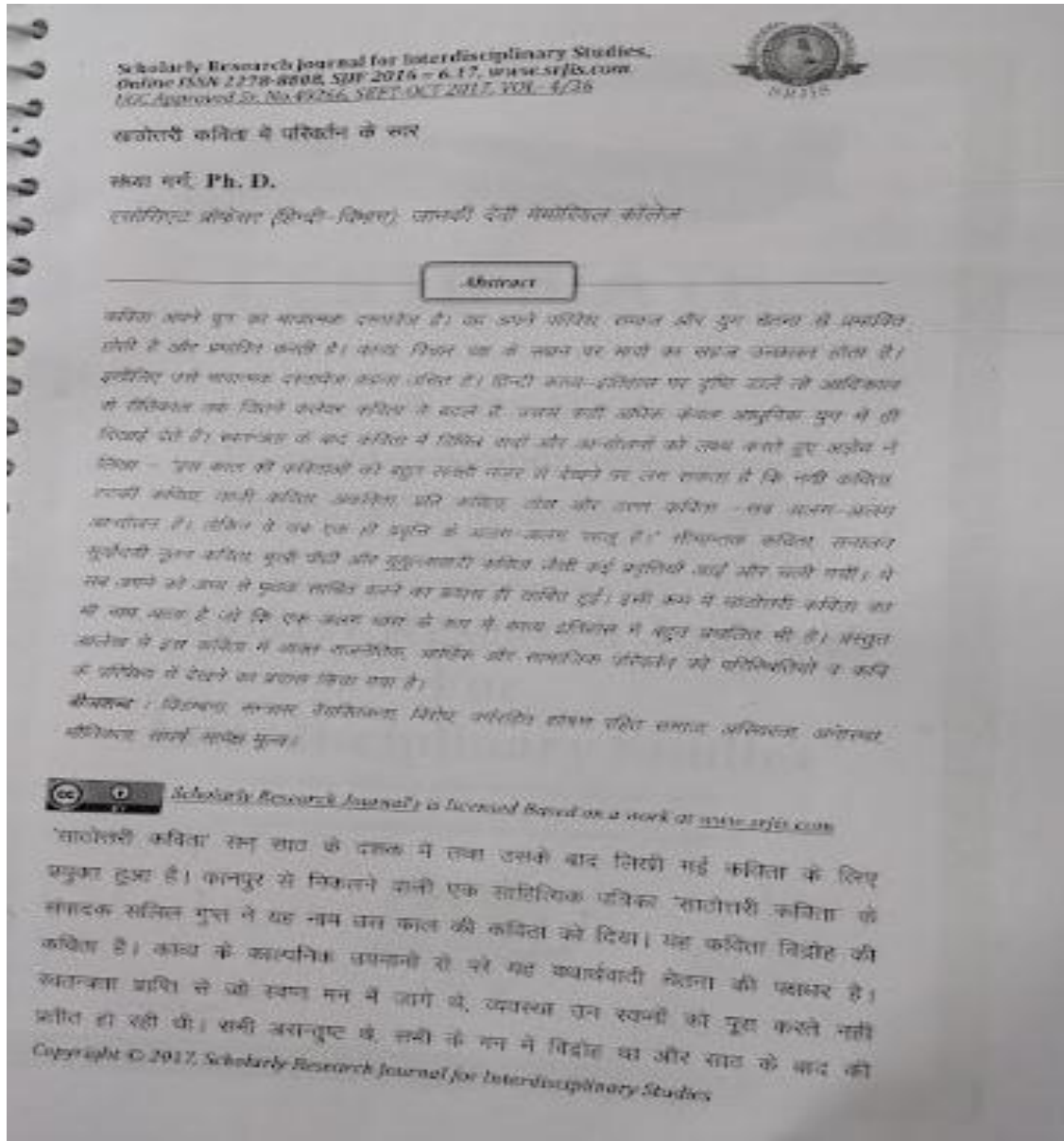
लेखन कला के विकास से पूर्व समाज का संप्रेषण मौखिक था इसलिए संप्रेषक और प्राप्तकर्ता निकट होते थे। तब संप्रेषण सांस्कृतिक



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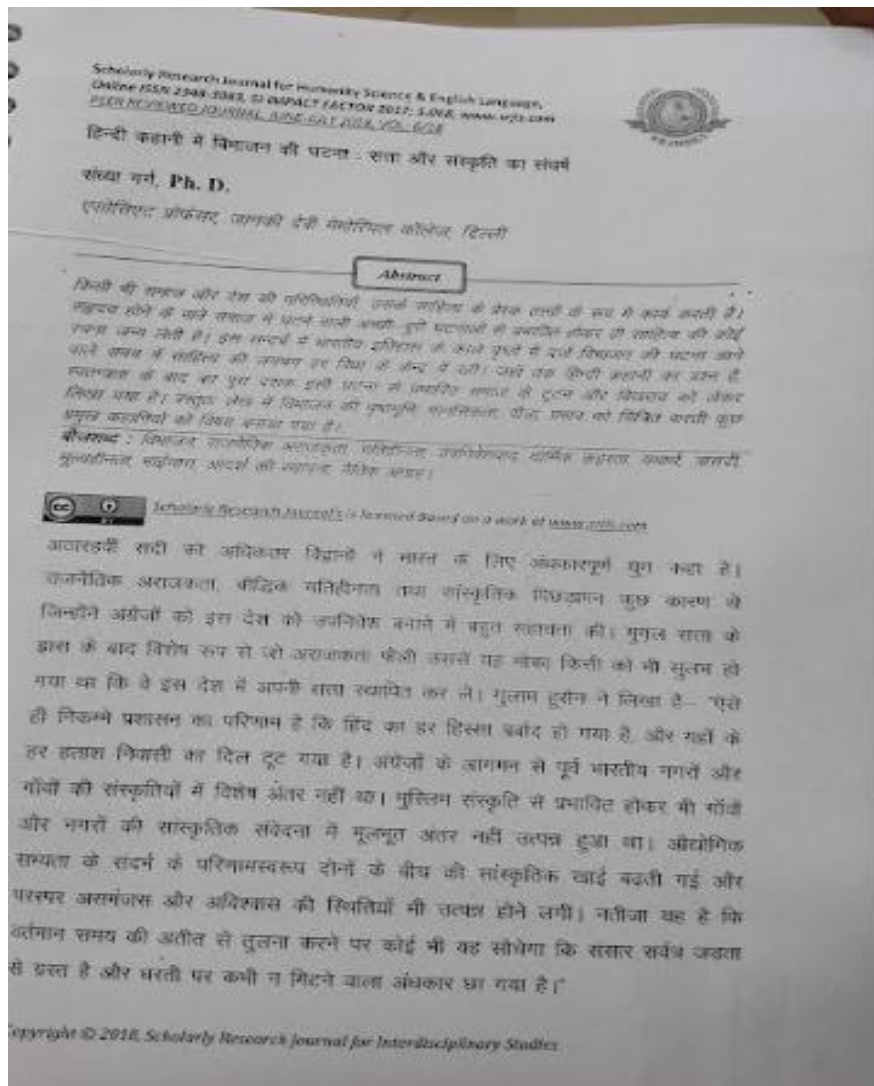
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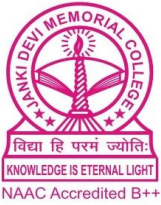
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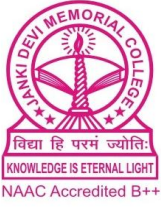
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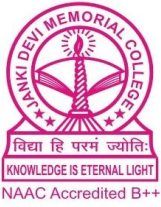
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Swati Pal



डॉ. संगीता गुप्ता

मध्यकालीन काव्य भाषा के विविध आयाम

हिंदी के मध्यकालीन काव्यभाषा की शक्ति और वैविध्य प्रायः अतुलनीय है। उसके अर्थ वैभव का एक प्रधान स्रोत है। कबीर और दखिनी के कवियों से लेकर भिखारीदास तक हिंदी काव्यभाषा में न जाने कितनी भगिमाएँ तथा अर्थ-समताएँ विकसित होती हैं। व्याकरणिक प्रयोग, शब्द-समूह, अप्रस्तुत तथा छंद-योजना और चित्र-विधान में वह भाषिक प्रवाह एकरस चलता है, फिर भी तीन सौ वर्षों की इस अवधि में काव्यभाषा के रूप आधार कई बार बदले हैं। खड़ी बोली — ब्रज, अवधी, ब्रजभाषा। इन बदलते आधारों ने काव्यभाषा के रूप को विच्छिन्न करने की अपेक्षा उसे हर बार शक्ति का नया स्रोत प्रदान किया है। इसी अर्थ में हिंदी काव्य भाषा का प्रवाह अतुलनीय है। मध्यकालीन साहित्य में कौन-कौन सी भाषा का विकास हुआ। कौन सी भाषा अभिव्यक्ति के लिए श्रेष्ठ माध्यम बनी। यह जानने से पूर्व काव्यभाषा के महत्त्व से परिचित होना आवश्यक है।

काव्य में अभिव्यक्ति का सर्वश्रेष्ठ माध्यम भाषा हुआ कत्तौ है। सामान्य बोलचाल में व्यक्ति के अभिप्राय को दूसरों के समक्ष प्रकट करने वाले किसी भी साधन को 'भाषा' कह दिया जाता है भाषा की समस्या सभी श्रेष्ठ कवियों के समक्ष रहती है। कवि की प्रतिभा केवल नई वस्तु का उन्मेष नहीं करती बल्कि उसके अनुरूप भाषा का नया विकास भी करती है। भाषा वस्तुतः वस्तु और भावों का वाहन है। भाषा, भाव-विचार, अनुभूति आदि की अभिव्यक्ति का सशक्त माध्यम है। कवि अपने अंतर्गत अभिप्रेत का प्रकाशन तथा संप्रेषण भाषा के ही माध्यम से करता है। जीवन के निर्माण तथा विकास में जिस प्रकार काव्य का योगदान होता है। काव्य को मुखर, सजीव, आकर्षक और आदर्शकृत करने में भाषा का उसी प्रकार सहयोग रहता है। भाषा के अभाव में काव्यानुभूतियाँ गूँगे का गुड़ बन कर रह जाती हैं। अंग्रेजी आलोचक वर्स्ट फोल्ड ने एक स्थल पर कहा है। समस्त कला साधनों में भाषा सर्वाधिक लचीला साधन है। दूसरे यह विचारामिव्यक्ति का सशक्त माध्यम है और इस नाते इसके द्वारा कलाकार भाषक के मस्तिष्क तथा प्रत्यक्ष भाव का संप्रेषण कर पाता है। काव्यभाषा की प्रकाशिका होने से वस्तु या प्रतिपाद्य के उपरान्त भाषा का काव्य में दूसरा स्थान प्रायः निश्चित है। भाषा की भूमिका की यह गुंथता उसके महत्त्व

180 : मध्यकालीन हिंदी साहित्य : संवेदन, शास्त्र और समसामयिकता



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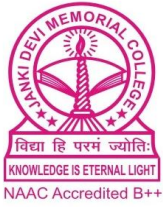
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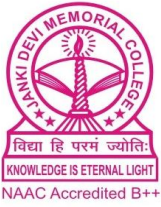
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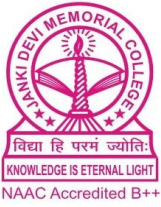
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जीवन, साहित्य मे भारतीय संस्कृति

डॉ० संगीता गुप्ता

एसोसिएट प्रोफेसर, जनकी देवी मेमोरियल कॉलेज

आज के स्वार्थ, ईर्ष्या, द्वेष, वैमनस्य के वातावरण में संस्कृति का महत्व और कर्तव्य भी बढ़ जाता है। क्योंकि जब चारों ओर अंधकार का साम्राज्य हो, आतंक का भयानक वातावरण हो तथा जीवन-मूल्यों का समूल नष्ट होने को हो, ऐसे समय में मानव जाति की रक्षा सनातन सिद्धांतों पर स्थिर संस्कृति ही कर सकती है। 'संस्कृति' से मानव-समाज की उस स्थिति का बोध होता है, जिससे उसे 'सुधरा हुआ', 'ऊँचा', 'सभ्य' आदि विशेषणों से विभूषित किया जा सकता है। डॉ० देवराज के शब्दों में "संस्कृति मानवीय व्यक्तित्व की वह विशेषता या विशेषताओं का समूह है जो इस व्यक्तित्व को एक खास अर्थ में महत्त्वपूर्ण बनाता है। यहाँ 'खास अर्थ' में व्यंजना आवश्यक है। किसी पुरुष या स्त्री का कुछ महत्त्व उन गुणों के कारण भी हो सकता है जो मुख्यतः प्रकृति की देन है, जैसे स्वास्थ्य और शारीरिक सौंदर्य। किंतु ये गुण विशिष्ट रूप में सांस्कृतिक गुण नहीं हैं, सुंदर एवं स्वस्थ स्त्री-पुरुष नितांत असंस्कृत भी हो सकते हैं। वस्तुतः संस्कृति उन गुणों का समुदाय है जिन्हें मनुष्य अनेक प्रकार की शिक्षा द्वारा अपने प्रयत्न से प्राप्त करता है। संस्कृति का संबंध मुख्यतः मनुष्य की बुद्धि, स्वभाव, मनोवृत्तियों (एटीट्यूड्स) से है।"

अनादिकाल से ही मानव जाति के लिए शब्द ज्योति ईश्वर का अदभुत वरदान है। जिसके सहारे उसने विचारामिव्यक्ति ही नहीं वरन् स्वयं विचार करने के सर्वाधिक सहज-सरल और सर्वव्यापी माध्यम "भाषा" को आविष्कृत किया। व्यक्ति को, उसके विचारों को मन-मस्तिष्क की अंतर्गुहा से निकालकर समाज तक प्रतिष्ठित करने वाला साधन भाषा है। भाषा मनुष्य को जिजीविषा प्रदान करती है और यही जिजीविषा मनुष्य के अंदर साहित्य सृजन का कारण बनती है। भाषा और साहित्य का अटूट संबंध है। दोनों एक-दूसरे के पूरक हैं। दोनों का क्षेत्र विस्तृत है। साहित्य के अंदर भाषा समाहित है और साहित्य दर्शन, राजनीति, गणित, संस्कृत, विज्ञान, इतिहास परंपरा तक बँधा न रहकर इन सबके सामूहिक रूप को दर्शाता है। इसी तरह हिंदी साहित्य अपने समूचे रचनाक्रम में अपने वैभवशाली अतीत के दर्शन कराते हुए मनुष्यता एवं मानवीय संवेदना के उत्कर्ष को भारतीयता के उच्च स्तर पर प्रतिष्ठित करता है। आचार्य हजारी प्रसाद द्विवेदी के अनुसार ज्ञान राशि के संचित कोष का नाम साहित्य है।"

भारतीय परंपरा में महान संतों का आविर्भाव एक स्थायी महत्त्व रखता है। संत-साहित्य का महत्त्व सिर्फ आध्यात्मिक ज्ञान की उपलब्धि तक ही सीमित नहीं है, प्रत्युत उसके प्रकाश में भौतिक जीवन में शुद्ध आचरण, सामाजिक संतुलन, भावात्मक नियंत्रण, राष्ट्रीय एकता, सांप्रदायिक सद्भावना



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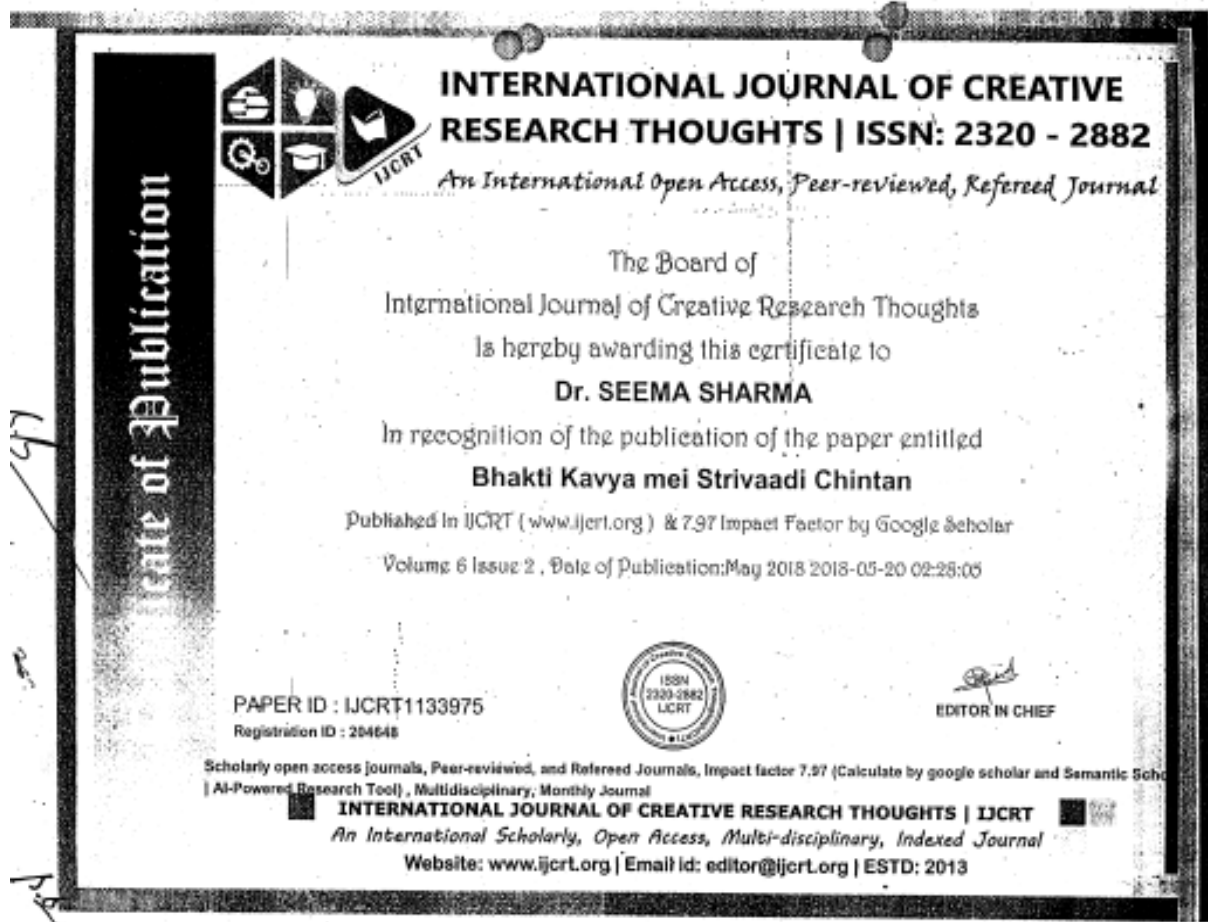
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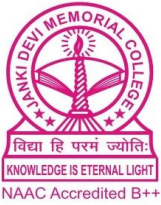
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भक्ति काव्य में स्त्रीवादी चिंतन

डॉ. सीमा शर्मा

सहस्रक प्रोफेसर
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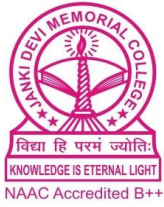
स्त्री और पुरुष समवेत रूप से सृष्टि के जन्मदाता हैं। मानव सृष्टि में समाज के सृजन का श्रेय पूर्णतः नारी को जाता है। आदि पुरुष जंगली था अपनी आवश्यकतानुसार प्रतिदिन शिकार करके स्वतंत्र रूप से जहाँ भी रह लेता था। परिवार व कुटुम्ब और समाज की अवधारणा को नारी की भावना ने जन्म दिया। नारी ही वह महत्वपूर्ण सूत्र बनी जिससे परिवार व कुटुम्ब और समाज जुड़ता था। नारी की इसी सृजनात्मक भावना के कारण मानव सृष्टि प्रगति की ओर उन्मुख होती हुई। अनेक रूपों में अर्द्धनारीश्वर का रूप इस तथ्य को इंगित करता है कि अर्द्धनारीश्वर के रूप में शिव का स्वरूप नारी और पुरुष दोनों की सहभागिता और समभागिता का है। स्त्री और पुरुष के आधे-आधे अंगों के सहयोग से निर्मित अर्द्धनारीश्वर नारी की स्थिति को रेखांकित करता है। अर्द्धनारीश्वर का आधी स्त्री और आधे पुरुष का स्वरूप इस ओर भी संकेत करता है कि नारी पुरुष के समान शक्तिशाली बने और पुरुष नारी के समान कोमल भावनाओं से युक्त हो लम्बी श्रेष्ठ और पूर्णता की स्थिति हो सकती है। स्त्री-पुरुष दोनों एक-दूसरे के पूरक हैं। एक के अभाव में सृष्टि को आगे नहीं बढ़ाया जा सकता। सृष्टि निर्माण में जब दोनों का योगदान बराबर है तो उनका स्तर भी समान होना चाहिए।

समाज एक ओर प्रगति की दिशा में बढ़ रहा था दूसरी ओर समाज में पुरुष का वर्चस्व भी बढ़ता जा रहा था। पुरुष का वर्चस्व बढ़ने से समाज की जन्मदात्री का स्थान निम्न से निम्नतर होता चला गया। आधी मानव सृष्टि शासक थी व नियंता थी-तो-आधी मानव सृष्टि निरन्तर पददलित हो रही थी। नारी मानवता स्थान खोकर देह में परिणत हो गयी। पुरुष की भोगवादी ताकत ने उसका श्वसु की भाँति-आदान-प्रदान किया।

मध्यकालीन समाज में विदेशी आक्रमणों के परिणामस्वरूप भारतीय नारी की स्वतंत्रता का परिदृश्य बदलने लगा। समाज के प्रत्येक वर्ग में नारी की स्थिति सोचनीय हो गयी। दिनकर जी ने अपनी पुस्तक 'संस्कृति के चार अध्याय' में लिखा है 'अल गजाली ने लिखा है औरतों से सप सैना ठीक है लेकिन आचरण हमेशा विपरीत करना चाहिए...' नबी ने कहा है औरत की रचना छाती की टेढ़ी हड्डी से की गयी है। इसलिए तुम औरत को झुकाना चाहोगे तो वह टूट जाएगी और स्वतंत्र छोड़ोगे तो वह और भी टेढ़ी हो जाएगी। इस प्रकार नारी की सृष्टि को 'टेढ़ी हड्डी' से बताकर समाज में उसका स्थान गिराया जा रहा था। मध्यकालीन समाज में नारी मात्र भोग्या थी। वासना की ओधी में सारे मूल्य धराबायी हो गये। समाज का पतन के गर्त में गिरना अवश्यभावी था क्योंकि वितासिता जब विनय का के साथ प्रकट होती है तो केवल विनाश की ओर ते जाती है व आ. हजारी प्रसाद द्विवेदी

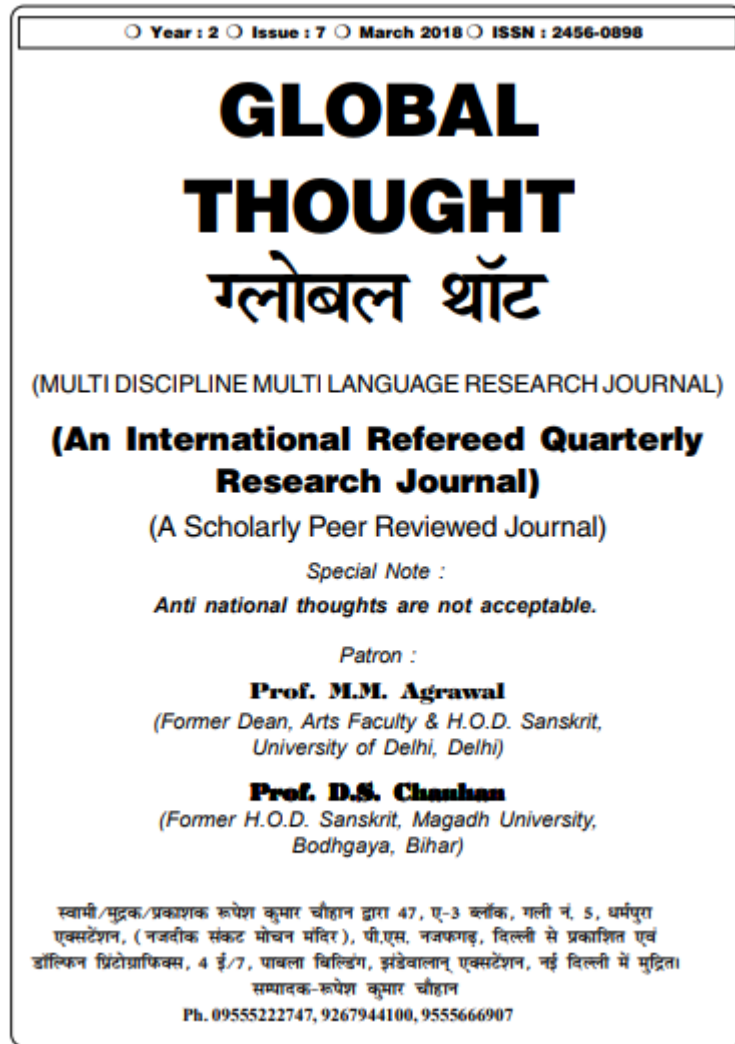


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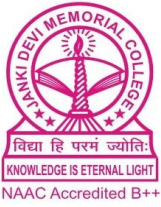


HISTORY DEPARTMENT

33. **Title of the article:** Al-Shaharastani's Perception of Hindu Religious Systems'
Author name: Manisha S. Agnihotri
Department: History Department



Swati Pal



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34. **Title of the article:** TOPOGRAPHICAL CHANGES UNDER THE REIGN OF SULTANS OF BENGAL DURING 1203-1538 A.D.

Author name: Dr Khurshid Alam

Department: History Department



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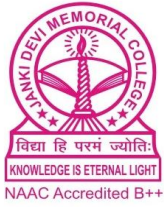
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AVR - Vol. 8 No. 1, April - June, 2018



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Topographical changes under the reign of Sultans of Bengal during 1203-1538 A.D.

Dr. MD Khurshid Alam

Assistant Professor,

J.D.M. College,

University of Delhi

Key Words:

Topography, Demography, Lakhnauti, Satgao

Khanqahs, Madrasahs, Kharaj, Sonargaon.

Abstract

This paper examines the topographical changes under the reigns of Sultans of Bengal during 1203-1538 A.D. The advent of the Muslims, as ruling elite, in the beginning of the 13th century, was followed by rush of a large number of immigrants of varied cultures to Bengal. The new commerce needed settlements and means of livelihood. The new rulers also needed to win the support of the local people, in order to remain in alien land with absolute authority. It has already been noticed that the first change in topography during the period under review was the abolition of small territorial units and chiefdoms of multi-state political system of early medieval times and the evolution of the greater geo-political units of Bengal and Bihar under a centralized political organization of the Sultans. In fact the emergence of foreign immigrant settlements is one of the most important reasons for causing demographic as well as cultural transformation in Bengal in that period. For the sake of illustration we may cite the example of Makran, which was mostly barren land with little water from the streams, but it attracted the Arab traders who settled down in its towns situated along the high road linking it with Iran on the west, Central Asia, India and China on the east. They turned these towns into trading centers. These merchants formed an important link in the overseas and land trade between India, Asia and the Middle East.

It may, however, be noted here that the application of frontier theory in analyzing the Muslim society of Bengal by Richard Eaton is not warranted.

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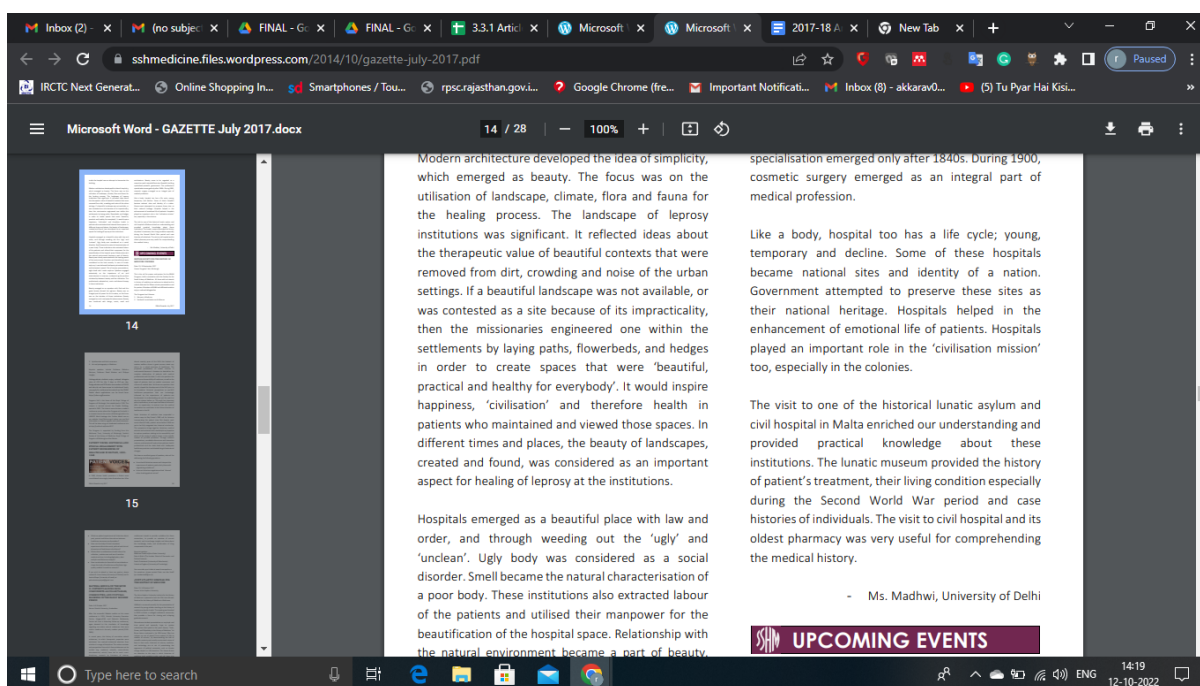
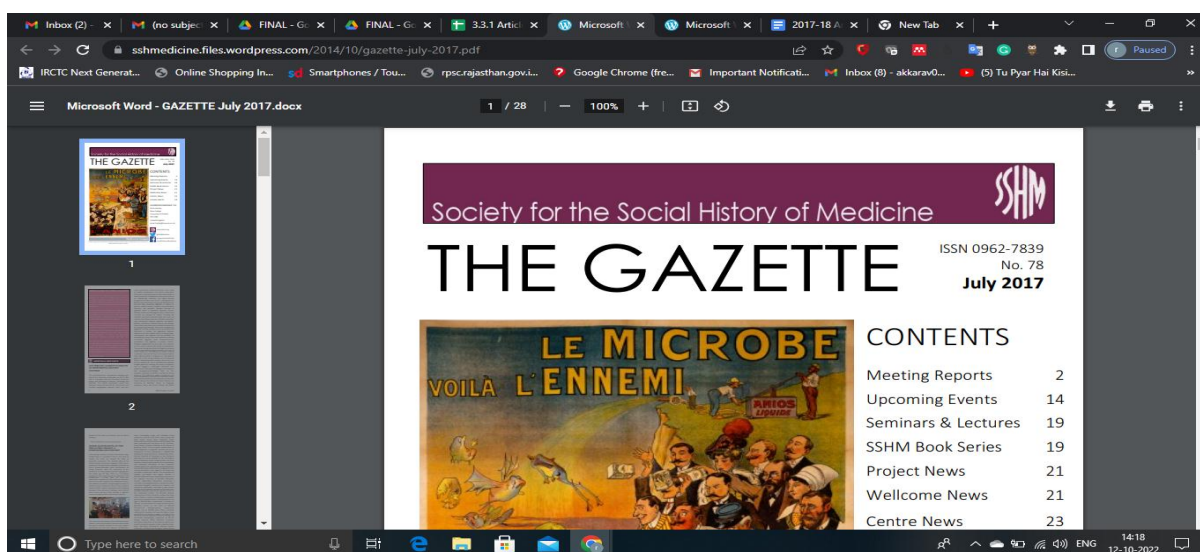
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35. **Title of the article:** International Network for the History of Hospitals: IV in Society for the Social History of Medicines

Author name: Dr Madhwi

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36. **Title of the article:** Accelerated life test plan under modified ramp-stress loading with two stress factors
Author name: P.W. Srivastava and T. Gupta
Department: Mathematics Department

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Accelerated life test plan under modified ramp-stress loading with two stress factors

Srivastava, P.W. (University of Delhi) ; Gupta, T. (University of Delhi)

Received : 2017.07.31 Accepted : 2017.12.27 Published : 2017.12.31

Abstract

Accelerated life tests (ALTs) are frequently used in manufacturing industries to evaluate the reliability of products within a reasonable amount of time and cost. Test units are subjected to elevated stresses which yield quick failures. Most of the previous works on designing ALT plans are focused on tests that involve a single stress. Many times more than one stress factor influence the product's functioning. This paper deals with the design of optimum modified ramp-stress ALT plan for Burr type XII distribution with Type-I censoring under two stress factors, viz., voltage and switching rate each at two levels- low and high. It is assumed that usage time to failure is power law function of switching rate, and voltage increases linearly with time according to modified ramp-stress scheme. The

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37. **Title of the article:** When the maximal graph is planar, outerplanar and ring graph
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Department: Mathematics Department



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Arti Sharma and Atul Gaur

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Let R be a commutative ring with nonzero identity. Let $\Gamma(R)$ denote the maximal graph associated to R , that is, $\Gamma(R)$ is a graph with vertices as non-units of R , where two distinct vertices a and b are adjacent if and only if there is a maximal ideal of R containing both. In this paper, we characterize the finite commutative rings such that their maximal graph are planar graphs, and we also study the case where they are outerplanar and ring graphs. The equivalence of outerplanar graphs and ring graphs for $\Gamma(R)$ is established.

Keywords: Maximal graph • planar graph • outerplanar graph • ring graph

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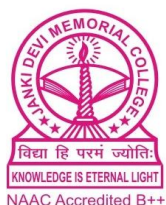
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38. **Title of the article:** Non-reduced rings of small order and their maximal graph
Author name: Dr. Arti Sharma and Dr. Atul Gaur
Department: Mathematics Department



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NON-REDUCED RINGS OF SMALL ORDER AND THEIR MAXIMAL GRAPH

A. SHARMA * AND A. GAUR

ABSTRACT. Let R be a commutative ring with nonzero identity. Let $\Gamma(R)$ denotes the maximal graph corresponding to the non-unit elements of R , that is, $\Gamma(R)$ is a graph with vertices the non-unit elements of R , where two distinct vertices a and b are adjacent if and only if there is a maximal ideal of R containing both. In this paper, we investigate that for a given positive integer n , is there a non-reduced ring R with n non-units? For $n \leq 100$, a complete list of non-reduced decomposable rings $R = \prod_{i=1}^k R_i$ (up to cardinalities of constituent local rings R_i 's) with n non-units is given. We also show that for which n , $(1 \leq n \leq 7500)$, $|Center(\Gamma(R))|$ attains the bounds in the inequality $1 \leq |Center(\Gamma(R))| \leq n$ and for which n , $(2 \leq n \leq 100)$, $|Center(\Gamma(R))|$ attains the value between the bounds.

1. INTRODUCTION

The maximal graph $G(R)$ associated to R was introduced by the authors [3] in 2013. The authors considered $G(R)$ as a simple graph whose vertices are elements of R , and two distinct vertices a and b are adjacent if and only if there is a maximal ideal of R containing both. In [4], the authors defined $\Gamma(R)$ as the restriction of $G(R)$ to the non-unit elements of R , that is, $\Gamma(R)$ is a simple graph whose vertices are the non-unit elements of R such that two distinct vertices a and b are adjacent if and only if $a, b \in \mathfrak{m}$ for some maximal ideal \mathfrak{m} of R . $\Gamma(R)$

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Keywords: Non-reduced ring, Jacobson radical, maximal graphs, center, median.

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*Corresponding author .





PHILOSOPHY DEPARTMENT

39. **Title of the article:** Multidisciplinary Educational research

Author name: Dr. K. Victor Babu

Department: Philosophy Department

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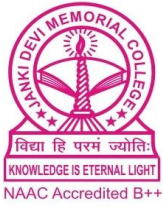
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Editorial.....

It is heartening to note that our journal is able to sustain the enthusiasm and covering various facets of knowledge. It is our hope that UMER would continue to live up to its fullest expectations savoring the thoughts of the intellectuals associated with its functioning. Our progress is steady and we are in a position now to receive evaluate and publish as many articles as we can. The response from the academicians and scholars is excellent and we are proud to acknowledge this stimulating aspect.

The writers with their rich research experience in the academic fields are contributing excellently and making UMER march to progress as envisaged. The interdisciplinary topics bring in a spirit of immense participation enabling us to understand the relations in the growing competitive world. Our endeavour will be to keep UMER as a perfect tool in making all its participants to work to unity with their thoughts and action.

The Editor thanks one and all for their input towards the growth of the **Knowledge Based Society**. All of us together are making continues efforts to make our predictions true in making IJMER, a Journal of Repute


Dr.K.Victor Babu
Editor-in-Chief

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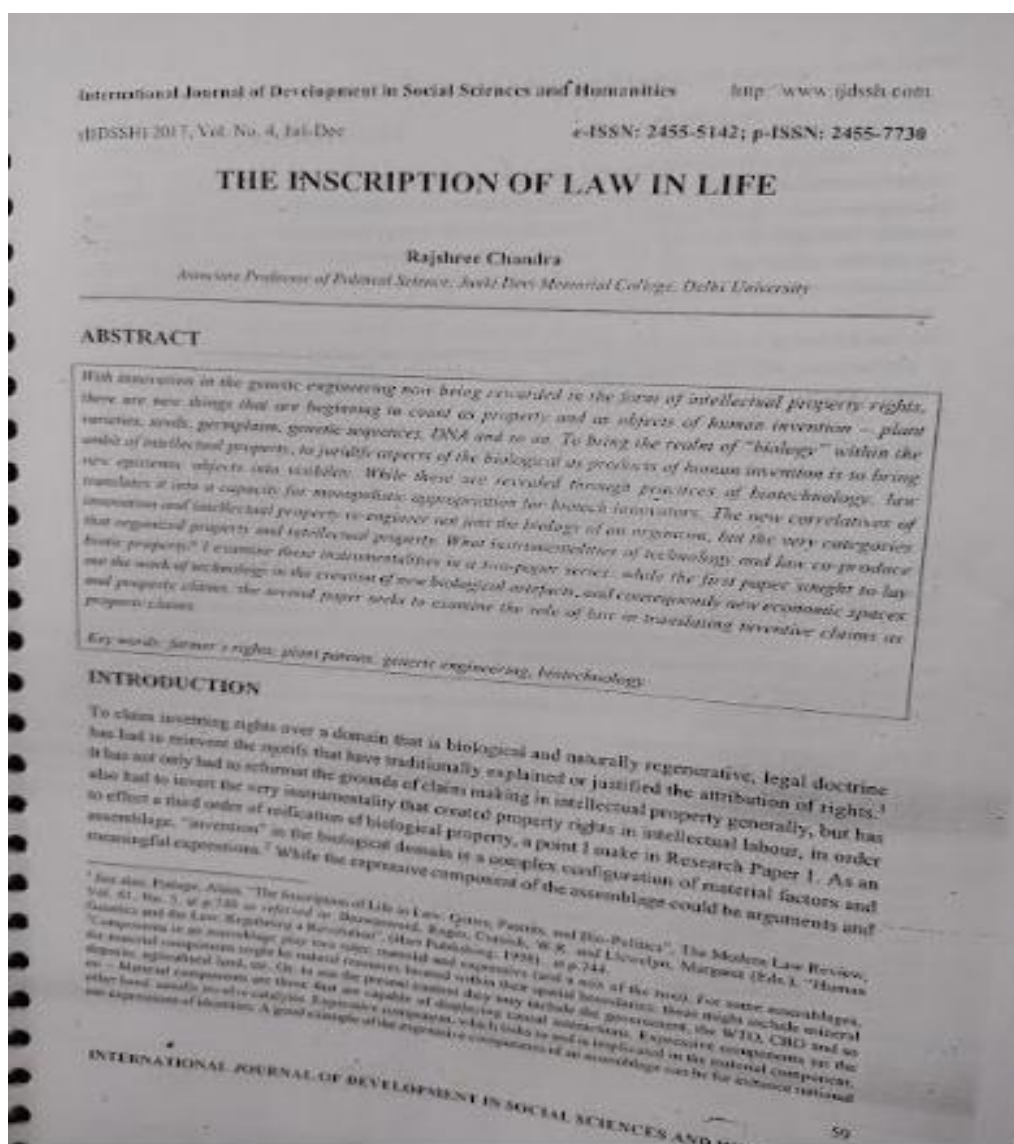
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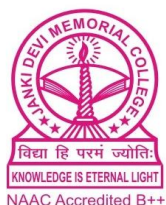
POLITICAL SCIENCE DEPARTMENT

40. **Title of the article:** The inscription of law in life

Author name: Dr. Rajshree Chandra

Department: Political Science Department

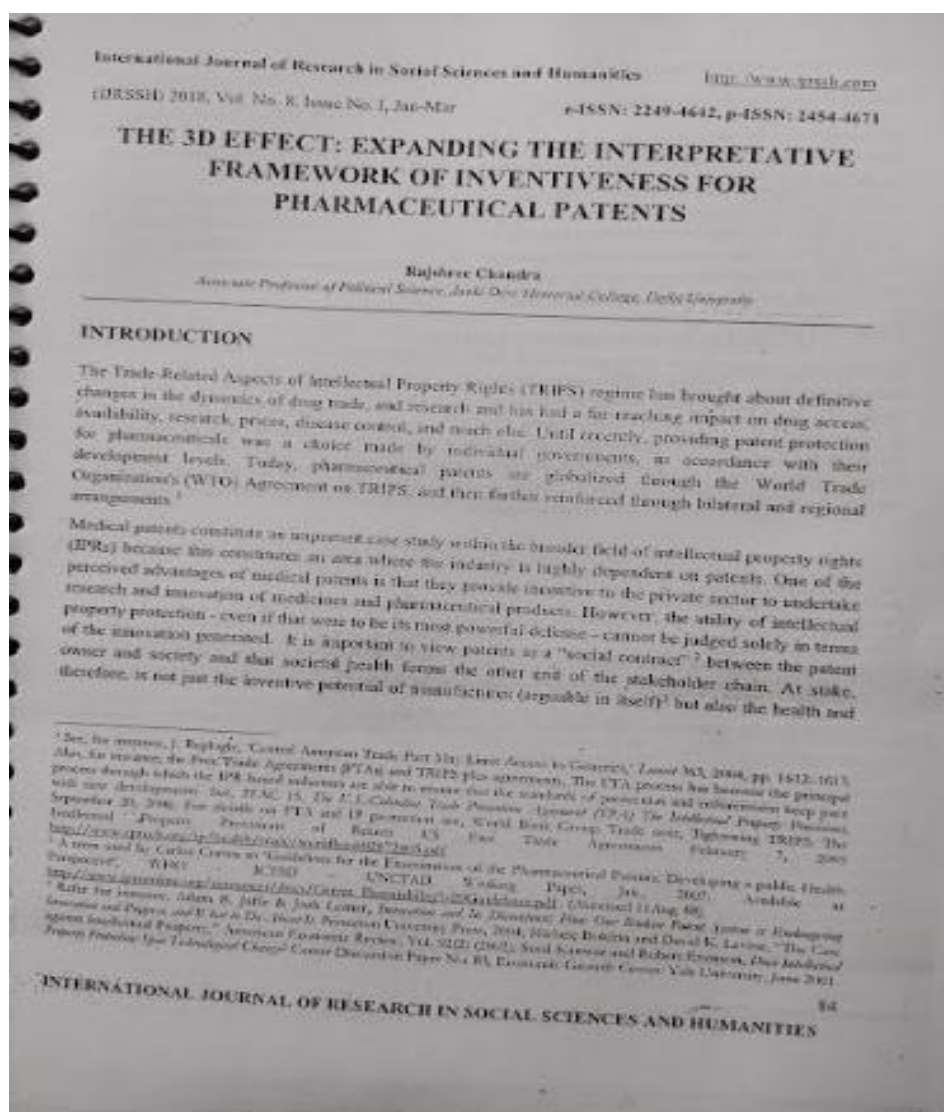




41. **Title of the article:** The 3D effect: Expanding the interpretative framework of pharmaceutical patents

Author name: Dr. Rajshree Chandra

Department: Political Science Department



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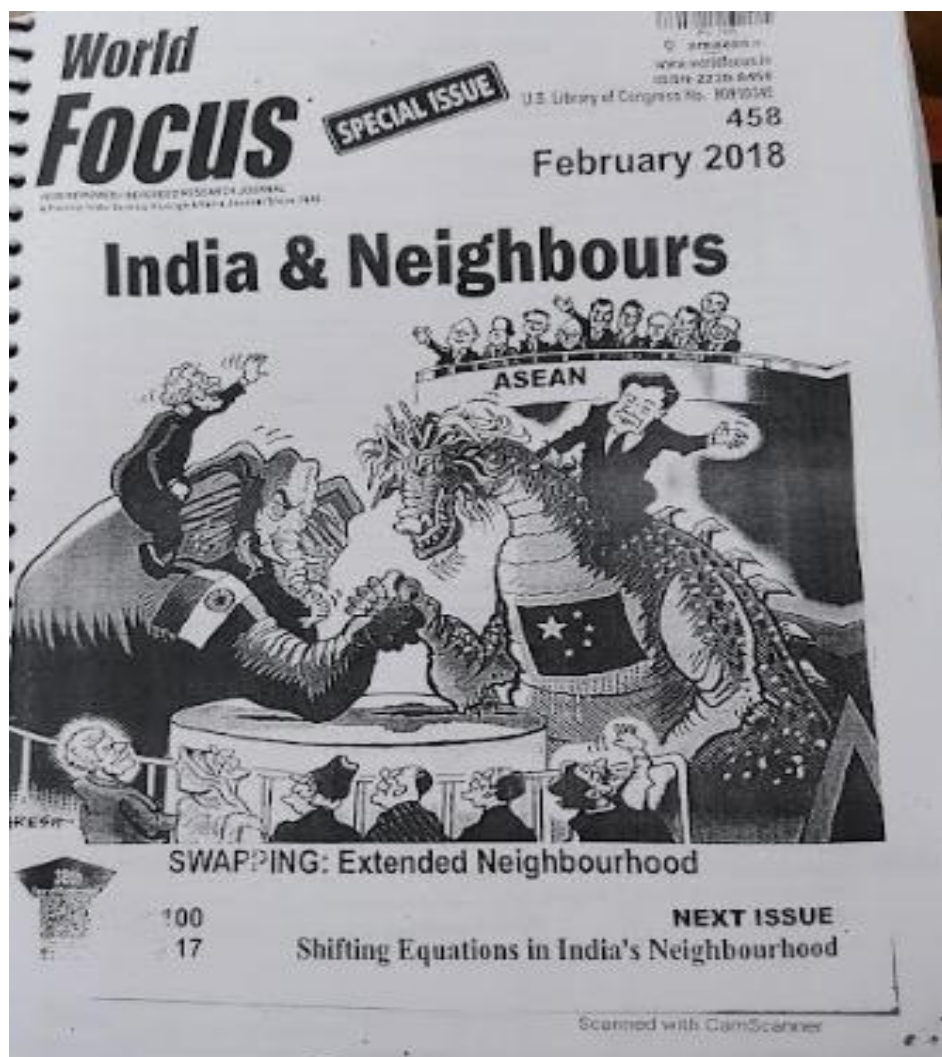
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42. **Title of the article:** Indo- Pak relation: Terrorism and kashmir- The never ending issues

Author name: Dr. Chanchal Kumar

Department: Political Science Department



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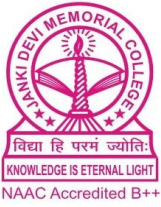
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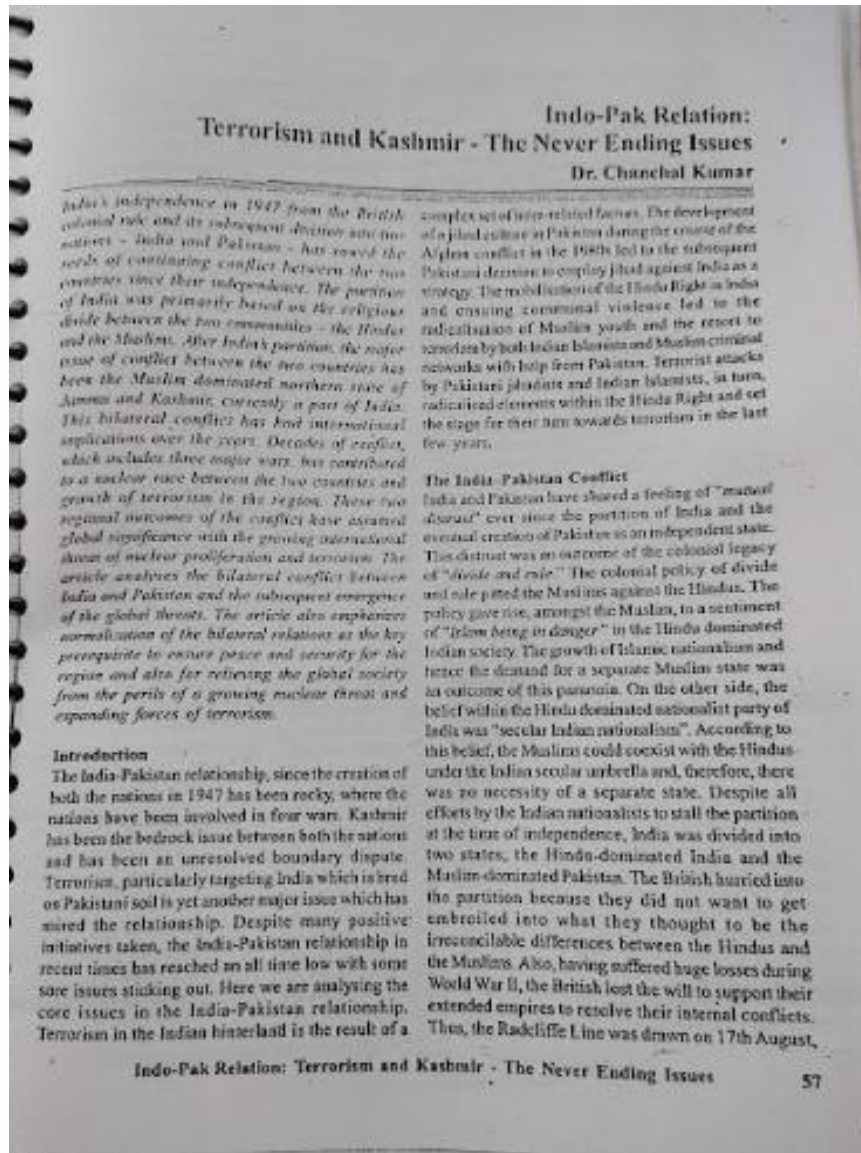


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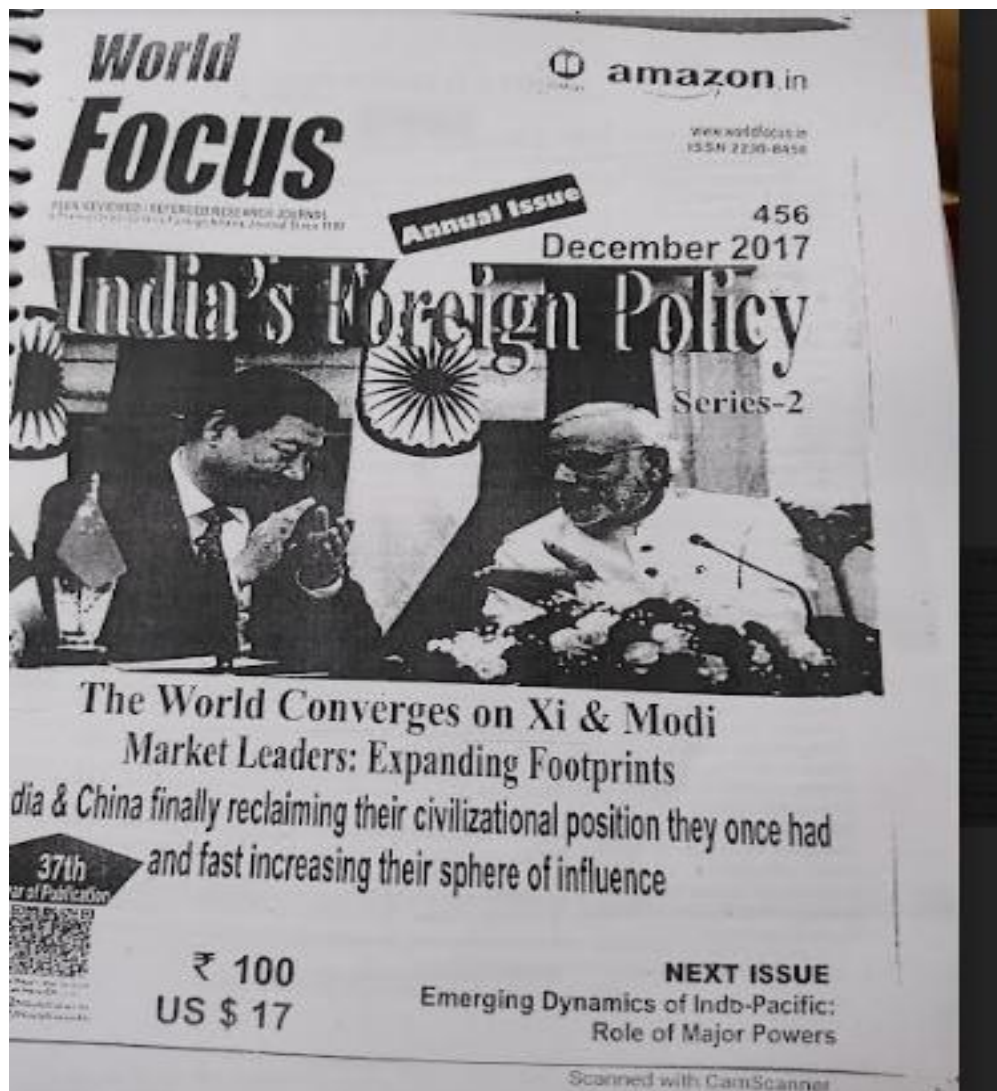
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43. **Title of the article:** Prime Narendra Modi's Foreign Policy
Author name: Dr. Chanchal Kumar
Department: Political Science Department



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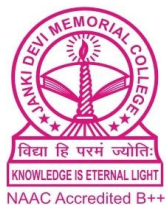
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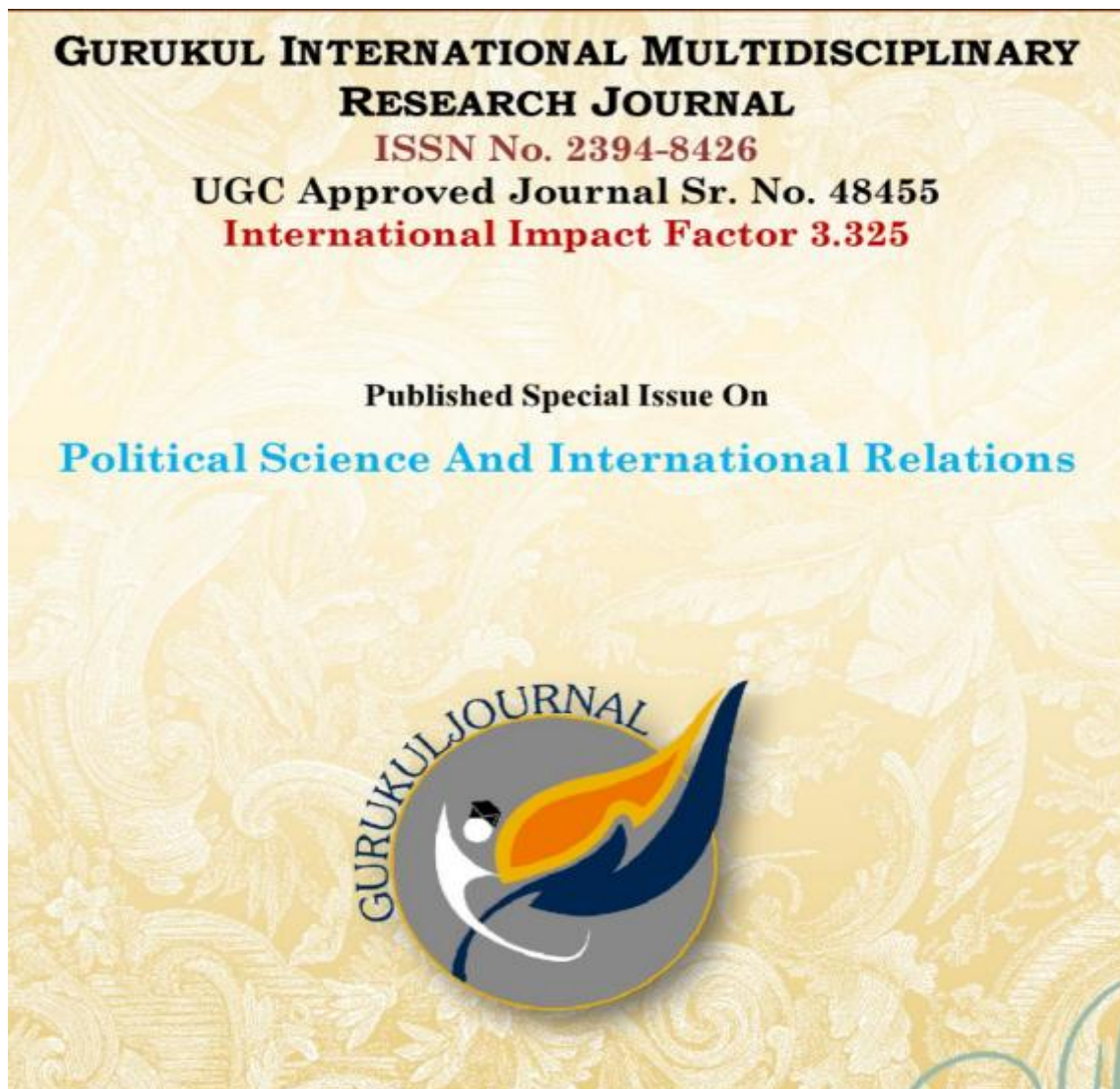
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44. **Title of the article:** Indra Gandhi as Prime Minister of India- An outstanding Leader
Author name: Dr. Chanchal Kumar
Department: Political Science Department



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Indira Gandhi as Prime Minister of India-An Outstanding Leader

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Abstract

Being the beloved leader of the Indian people and the faithful and outstanding successor of the cause of Mahatma Gandhi and Jawaharlal Nehru, Indira Gandhi has made great contribution to the cause for safeguarding independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity, developing the national economy, raising the people's livelihood and making India an important factor of peace in Asia and the rest of the world. Many people, however, regarded her as a woman with a man-sized job. There have been reigning queens in history- from the Queen of Sheba and Cleopatra to Queen Elizabeth II-but a woman who rose to a position of political power in a democratic set-up, and through a democratic process, is still a rarity in this man-made world.

Key words

Indira Gandhi, Iron Lady of India, Indira Nehru, Indira Priyadarshini Gandhi

Early life and Rise to prominence

Indira Gandhi affectionately called as Priyadarshini (dear to sight)¹ was born on 19th November, 1917, in an autocratic family with fabulous wealth. Though unique in her character she was also influenced a great deal by the environment, Mahatma Gandhi, Kamala Nehru, her mother and above all by her father, J.L. Nehru. Nehru who was greatly responsible for shaping her ideology and enkindle in her interest in Indian Culture and history and love for mankind through humanism, socialism and secularism, democracy and condemnation of Fascism.

Being the first woman Prime Minister of India, and an influential leader, in a prevalently male-dominated society, Indira Gandhi is a symbol of feminism in India. As per economic surveys, when Indira Gandhi became Prime Minister, 65% of the country's population was below the poverty line, and when her regime ended in 1984, this figure was 45%. During her rule, food production increased by 250%. Literacy was also increased in India by 30%. The goodwill of the rural population earned by Gandhi still has its effects on the success of the Congress Party in rural India, as well as the popular support of the Nehru-Gandhi Family. She is reverently remembered in many parts of rural India as Indira-Amma ("Amma" means

"mother" in many Indian languages)



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45. **Title of the article:** Illegal Migration from Bangladesh to Assam
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Illegal Migration from Bangladesh to Assam

Dr. Chanchal Kumar

Introduction

Migration has now come to be regarded as one of the new "security threat" as it involves not only human and personal security and human rights issues but also has internal and international security implications. Illegal immigrants are referred to those migrant across national borders in a way that violates the immigration laws of the destination country. Myron Weiner, a social scientist, identifies five broad categories of situations where refugees or migrants are perceived as a threat - to the country which produces the emigrants, to the country that receives them, and to relations between sending and receiving countries. The first is when refugees and migrants are regarded as a threat - or at least a threat - in relations between sending and receiving countries, a situation which arises when refugees and migrants are opposed to the regime of their home country; second is when migrants and/or refugees are perceived as a political threat or security risk to the regime of the host country; thirdly, when immigrants are seen as a cultural threat; fourthly, as a social and economic problem for the host society; and finally - a new element growing out of recent developments in the Gulf - is when the host society uses immigrants as an instrument of threat against the country of origin. Officially recognized as a separate category of states, north-east refers to the easternmost region of India consisting of the contiguous Seven Sister States. The presence of illegal Bangladeshi nationals in India remains the contentious issue that undercuts India-Bangladesh relations and is detrimental to security of India. Illegal immigration from Bangladesh to Assam has been a burning problem and is adversely affecting the economy and social environment, creating law and order problem wherever they are present in sizeable number. It is due to both "pull" and "push" factors. Foremost among these are the economic factors (like better employment opportunities in India) while the poverty, subsistence living, ravages caused by flood and other natural calamities in Bangladesh act as push factors.

Assam, the eldest sister amongst the seven sisters of NE-India possesses a very marked individuality and is situated between 24° 15' N and 26° N latitudes and 89° 51' E and 96° 15' E meridians of longitude. The state covers an area of 78,438 sq. km i.e., 2.39 per cent of the total area of India and supports a population of 26,638,407 (2001) accounting for 2.99 percent of the total population of the nation. The state is surrounded by two foreign countries namely Bhutan and Bangladesh and it is obvious that there will be some sort of influx of population across the border. At present, out of the total twenty seven districts of Assam, the districts that have been facing mostly this crucial problem are Dibrugarh, Goalpara, Barpeta, Morigaon and Nowgong of Brahmaputra valley and Karimganj and Hailakandi of Barak valley. Migration from Bangladesh into Assam is a serious and perennial problem over a century old. Only with India's independence did the migration become "illegal". Since then there have been dramatic changes in the scale and complexity and implications of migration.

Historical Background

When the British occupied the north-east, it was largely uninhabited due to rivalries amongst the local tribes and massacres. Initially, under the British, the immigrant population from neighbouring regions like Bengal, Bihar and Nepal etc. were welcomed by the local people and were considered useful for the development of the region. But soon immigrants were seen as encroachers on their lands and reserve forest that affected demography and ecology of the area. Subsequently, in 1873, the British introduced Inner Line under the East Bengal Frontier Regulations of 1873 to restrict the immigrants, particularly Bengali Muslims. However, it remained ineffective. In fact, better economic prospects, shortage of local labour and absence of insufficient mechanism have always been the reason for this influx. After the partition of Bengal in 1905, the over-populated Muslim peasantry from East Bengal started crossing over to the fertile lands of thinly populated Brahmaputra and Sumi

Illegal Migration from Bangladesh to Assam

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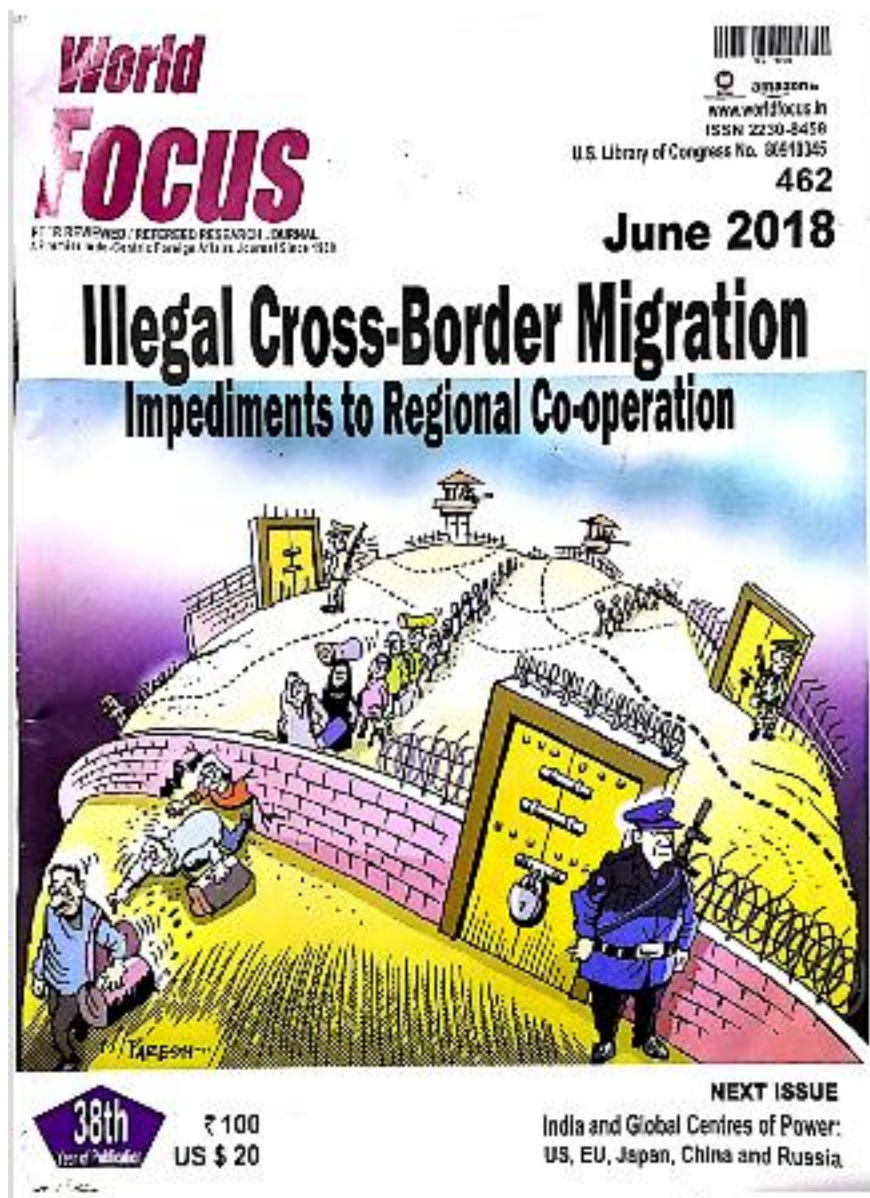
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46. **Title of the article:** Illegal Cross-Border Migration Impediments to Regional Co-operation

Author name: Ruchita Chakraborty

Department: Political Science Department



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Illegal Cross Border Migration: Impediments to Regional Co-operation

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Illegal Migration as an Impediment to Regional Cooperation: An Analysis of India-Bangladesh Relation in the Context of the SAARC

Ruchita Chakraborty

Regional Cooperation

Regional cooperation denotes the mechanisms that countries adopt, both political and institutional, usually in a specific geographical region, to devise mechanisms in strengthening their common interests and also to promote their national interests, through mutual cooperation and dialogue. It is thus a mechanism for maintaining regional order.¹ Regional Cooperation is diplomatic steps taken by States as sovereigns in order to integrate and interconnect regionally with each other. Such steps are very crucial in not just maintaining and developing international relations with other nations, but through regional cooperation, member states often aim to accelerate the economic ties by removing trade barriers and encouraging trade and investment among each other. Apart from economic interests, such regional co-operations also enhance social and political ties by focusing on aspects like poverty reduction, increasing employment, support the slow moving economies in taking up pace towards development, etc.

The importance of regional cooperation cannot be undermined in any way. Since the last few decades, nations have developed the urge to enter

April 8, 2017, on various issues ranging from Defence Cooperation Framework, Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, Peaceful uses of Nuclear Energy, Arrangement between The Atomic Energy Regulatory Board, etc.²

In this context, it is essential to point out that India and Bangladesh are members of the regional block SAARC (South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation). In the backdrop of the discussion regarding regional cooperation, the inter-relation between the two nations, it is important to take note of certain aspects. This paper will explore the regional cooperation between India and Bangladesh in the light of SAARC and the challenges that are posed in this regard. While looking towards the different socio-political, economic impediments that exist between these two nations towards attaining mutual cooperation and integration, this paper will specially emphasise on the issue of illegal migration of people from Bangladesh which has been a major concern for India since decades.

The SAARC

The South Asian Association for Regional Co-



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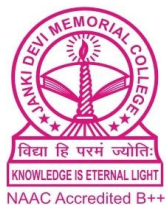
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47. **Title of the article:** The Political Transformation and Status of Women in Iran: A Critical Analysis
Author name: Rehnamol P R
Department: Political Science Department



Swati Pal



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The Political Transformation and Status of Women in Iran: A Critical Analysis

*Umesh Kumar, **Rehnamol P R

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** PhD scholar, Centre for Inner Asian Studies, School of International Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India.

Abstract

The Political upheavals and the subsequent societal changes have significantly transformed the basic aspects of life of Iranians. The women in Iran have been the most affected and influenced section by those transformations. One of the most decisive alterations in the political landscape of Iran was the Islamic Revolution of 1979 under the leadership of Ayatollah Khomeini. The subsequent political, economic and cultural changes have altered the opportunities and possibilities of Women's access to public spheres. The ruling regimes before and after the Iranian Revolution have its own characteristics and implications. It is imperative to note that these varying ruling regimes have defined gender according to their own defined norms and principles. Thus the paper would analyse the varying role and status of women with the various political and ruling regimes who came to Iran over the decades, especially during those regimes which came before and after 1979. The paper would also reflect the perceptions of various groups such as Islamic reformers, western intellectuals, Secularists and conservatives on gender rights and equality in Iran.

Key Words: Political Change, Woman, Status, Iran.

Introduction

Iran is a country which has gone through major political and social transformations in the past century. This has impacted and affected the role and status of women in Iran over the period of time. The rule of Shah was a significant political change which occurred in Iran. He was more influenced by the western powers. He was considered as an autocratic ruler by



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48. **Title of the article:** "Choices: Inside the Making of India's foreign Policy"
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49. **Title of the article:** Energy geopolitics of Caspian Sea region: Cooperation, competition or conflict

Author name: Raju Keshari

Department: Political Science Department

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Raju Keshari
PhD Scholar, Jawaharlal
Nehru University, New Delhi,
India

Energy geopolitics of Caspian Sea region: Cooperation, competition or conflict

Raju Keshari

Abstract

The 21st century is marked by a rapid economic development and an inequitable allocation of hydrocarbons worldwide. As food is necessary for the survival of human being, similarly energy is required for an economy to survive in this globalized and integrated world economic system. What is going to dominate the world politics in near future and, in fact, is being somewhat influenced by the energy transportation and their acute and amplified energy dependency. Competition to gain access to the Caspian energy and rivalry about transportation routes has to be viewed within this context. The paper seeks to explore the nuances of energy geopolitics in the regional context and its wider general implications.

Keywords: Geopolitics, Caspian region, heartland theory, pivot



Swati Pal


SANSKRIT DEPARTMENT

50. **Title of the article:** Aparikshitkaarkaram Ki Kathao Me Varnit Vartmaankalik Vishay

Author name: Mamta

Department: Sanskrit Department

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शोध सारांश

सम्पूर्ण विश्वसाहित्य में भारतीय कथासाहित्य का अत्यधिक महत्वपूर्ण स्थान है। यदि भारतीय कथासाहित्य को विश्वसाहित्य का जन्मक कहा जाए तो सम्भवतः कोई अतिरयोक्ति नहीं होगी। पशु-पक्षी इत्यादि पशुओं के माध्यम से सदाचार, राजनीति एवं लोकव्यवहार की शिक्षा प्रदान करना कथासाहित्य का प्रमुख उद्देश्य रहा है। इसी कथासाहित्य का सर्वाधिक प्राचीन संस्कृत कथाग्रन्थ पंचतंत्र को माना जाता है। इसमें कहीं कुतूहलता है तो कहीं मनोरंजन, कहीं हास परिहास देखने को मिलता है तो कहीं छल-प्रपञ्च की पराकाष्ठा देखी जा सकती है। कहीं पर प्रेमासक्ति की अनुभूति होती है तो कहीं पर विरहासक्त के कष्ट अनुभव का अहसास भी किया जा सकता है। इसमें कहीं धर्म का उपदेश मिलता है तो कहीं नीति का। इसी प्रकार अनेक प्रकार की विविधता लिए हुए यह कथाग्रन्थ सुदीर्घकाल से न केवल भारतीय कथासाहित्य में अपितु विश्वसाहित्य में अपना महत्वपूर्ण स्थान बनाए हुए है। पंचतंत्र के अपरीक्षितकारकम् की कथाओं में वर्णित नीतिगत विषय जो वर्तमानकालिक परिस्थितियों को भी दर्शाते हैं। इन सभी विषयों का इस शोध पत्र में क्रमशः वर्णन किया जा रहा है।

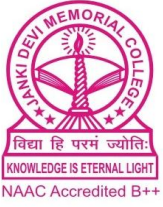
भूमिका—

कथासाहित्य हमारे समक्ष प्राचीन विचारधारा जनजीवन एवं राजनैतिक कार्यकलापों की झंझकी प्रस्तुत करता है। इसमें पात्र प्रायः व्यक्ति न होकर पशु पक्षी तथा अन्य जीवों को रखा गया है। इसे नीतिकथा या आख्यानसाहित्य भी कहा जाता है। हिलोपदेश के रचयिता ने कहा — **कथाच्छलेन बालानां नीतिस्तदिह कथ्यते**। कथासाहित्य में पंचतंत्र का नाम सर्वोपरि आता है।

पञ्चतन्त्र अर्थात् पौष्ट तन्त्र इसमें राजनीति के पौष्ट सिद्धान्तों का कथाओं के माध्यम से उल्लेख किया गया है। इसी कारण इसका नाम पञ्चतन्त्र रखा गया है। इसके रचयिता आचार्य विष्णुशर्मा माने जाते हैं। इसके माध्यम से आचार्य विष्णुशर्मा ने महिलारोप्य नामक राज्य के राजा अमरशक्ति के तीन पुत्रों को छः महीने में खुशाल किया।

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51. **Title of the article:** Prashan Shashtr Me Graho Ka Swaroop: Ek Adhyayan

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प्रश्नशास्त्र में ग्रहों का स्वरूप: एक अध्ययन

Dr. Harsh Bala

प्रस्तावना

यद्यपि मानव के मन मस्तिष्क में उत्पन्न होने वाली जिज्ञासा, इच्छा, उत्सुकता, अकांक्षा, शंका एवं चिन्ता को ज्ञात करके समाधान करना दुःसाध्य है तथापि इस स्वाभाविक जिज्ञासा की पूर्ति करने के लिये प्रश्नशास्त्र की रचना की गई। प्रश्नशास्त्र इतना प्राचीन नहीं है जितना ज्योतिष शास्त्र है परन्तु कालांतर में विभिन्न परिवर्तन तथा संवर्धन के साथ यह विकसित रूप प्राप्त कर चुका है, दोनों ही मनुष्य के लिए इष्ट की प्राप्ति तथा अनिष्ट के परिहार का समाधान प्रस्तुत करते हैं और यह समझ लेना आवश्यक है कि प्रश्न सामान्य फलित ज्योतिष से भिन्न नहीं है। वास्तव में, यह उसका उन्नत रूप है, जहाँ ज्योतिष के समस्त सिद्धान्त और विशिष्टता संपूर्णता में संगठित होती है। प्रश्न के विश्लेषण में सभी अवधारणाओं और प्रणालियों का उपयोग किया जाता है, इससे यह स्पष्ट है कि प्रश्नकुण्डली के विश्लेषण में ज्ञातकशास्त्र के आधारभूत सिद्धान्तों के अतिरिक्त कुछ विशिष्ट आधारभूत सिद्धान्त हैं, जिनका विस्तृत वर्णन इस प्रकार है। प्रश्न के फलादेश के आधारभूत तत्त्व μ प्रश्न के फलादेश के आधारभूत तत्त्वों का विभाजन तीन प्रकार से किया जा सकता है μ (1) प्रधान तत्त्व (2) सहायक तत्त्व (3) गौण तत्त्व। प्रधान तत्त्व वह होते हैं जो वास्तव रूप के बोधक होते हैं। कोई भी ज्योतिष शास्त्र को जब पहली बार अपने अध्ययन का विषय बनाता है तो सबसे पहले सूर्यादि ग्रहों के रूप, स्वभाव, गति आदि को जानकर ही फलादेश सटीक कर सकता है जिनके स्वरूपादि का निरूपण इस प्रकार है μ प्रधान तत्त्व-ज्ञातक व प्रश्न में फलादेश के मुख्य आधारविन्द



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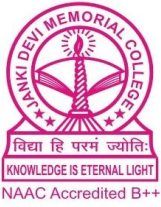
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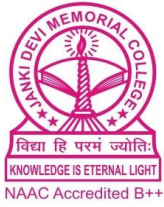
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52. **Title of the article:** Pain and Chronic Disease in the aftermath of an Environmental Disaster

Author name: Charu Kala

Department: Sociology Department



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**PAIN AND CHRONIC DISEASE IN THE AFTERMATH
OF AN ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTER**

Charu Kala*

Abstract: The article is centred on the notion of pain and its transformation from natural to social experience as embodied in the process of disease. Yet its meaning cannot be restricted to mere physiological malfunctioning of the organism. The concept of illness pertains to the manner in which the patient, his family members and the physician interpret and respond with the process of disease. Chronic pain and disease, sometimes lacking of physiological basis appear to be a multifaceted phenomenon modulated by the socio-psychological influences in the life of the patient. This is illustrated by the case of the Bhopal gas tragedy victims who demonstrate that pain and disease are culturally determined phenomena

Key words: Pain, chronic, disease, illness, Bhopal gas tragedy.

* Associate Professor, Department of Sociology, Janki Devi Memorial College, University of Delhi.



Swati Pal



53. **Title of the article** A Sociological Account of Pain, Suffering and Death: Individual and Social experience

Author name: Charu Kala

Department: Sociology Department



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Swati Pal



Review Paper

A sociological account of pain, suffering and death: individual and social experience

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Abstract

The social aspect of pain can be comprehended from the way society interprets and responds to the phenomenon of pain. Hence, pain can be examined in relation to death, which is inclusive of the social nature of death and consequent response of the living to the loss of the individual. The notion of death can also be examined in the context of symbolic death, as illustrated in the analysis of initiation rituals. The conversion of the initiand, as represented in terms of the symbolic death and rebirth, by the society reflects the subservience of the individual to the power of the collective. The ethnographic studies address the issue of the nature of authority exercised by the society and its relation to the individual experience of pain and suffering.

Keywords: Pain, mourning, suffering, symbolic death, initiand, stigma.

Introduction

An individual's experience of pain is mediated by social discourse. An attempt has been made here to examine the concept of pain in the context of death. At one level death is essentially a phenomenon which profoundly concerns the individual. Yet no society treats death as if it were the sole concern of the individual. It becomes a matter of concern for the

The Social Nature of Death

The social nature of death becomes most apparent in the distinction between 'natural' and 'social' death which is reflected in societal practices. For instance, a person, who is seriously ill, old or weak, may be considered 'dead' (mate) among the Eddystone Islanders, as studied by Rivers². It is not the physiological functioning of the individual which



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54. **Title of the article:** Projection of mother in India: A Study of Indian Cinema
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PROJECTION OF MOTHER IN MEDIA: A STUDY OF INDIAN CINEMA

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Abstract

This paper seeks to highlight and analyse the skewed portrayal of mothers in Indian cinema through their stereotypical characterization and the evolution in their projection over time. The mother figure holds a central position in traditional Indian culture and consciousness. From epics to movies, the Indian mother has been bearing the burden of society's expectations of 'motherhood'. Since the most significant aspect of a woman's life is reproduction, motherhood has been fundamental to the genesis of every ideology related to women. Her identity as a nurturing, son-bearing, procreative power has been invested with sacredness; while her identity as a woman has been effaced and erased: 'glorification without empowerment'¹. This has led to an accretion of stereotypes of the 'ideal mother' in the filmic discourse of the twentieth century: how mothers should be sacrificing, nurturing, altruistic and silent. In this paper, we will try to look into the evolution of the mother in Indian cinema and how



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55. **Title of the article:** Symbolic Construction of Ethnic Boundaries: A Language Centric Study

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SYMBOLIC CONSTRUCTION OF ETHNIC BOUNDARIES: A LANGUAGE CENTRIC STUDY

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Abstract

The Study of ethnicity is very important for proper understanding of contemporary social reality. In the third world, the tribes, villages, bands and isolated communities, which until recently survived as islands of social traditions, are today becoming integral parts of new states. These are now getting transformed into ethnic groupings with varying degrees of cultural distinctiveness. Social anthropologists are therefore being increasingly forced to deal with the socio-cultural and socio-political problems arising in the changed scenario. In developing nations, there seems to be a high degree of co-relation between ethnicity and politics and that is why it is essential to study the political implications and symbolic efficacy of ethnicity. Some scholars like Reisman, argue that in developing nations class struggles are being replaced by parochialism and ethnicity. Large masses of persons find inherited ways and old deeds "outdated" and the validity of new modes and needs uncertain, there is a sense of uprootedness which has spread throughout the societies. People in response to the sense of rootlessness tend to form ethnic groupings. As a result, ethnic conflicts have also intensified in the last decade or so. This paper aims to elaborate the observed social causes and reality of the construction of identities and its importance.

Keywords: Language, ethnicity, symbols, identity, society, state (India), group, culture



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56. **Title of the article:** Working Mothers Exploring Social and Cultural Aspects
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WORKING MOTHERS: EXPLORING SOCIAL AND CULTURAL ASPECTS

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Abstract

The duty of raising a child in our society is seen to be the duty of the mother. Motherhood is further associated to the female gender and expected as a responsibility of them which is at times seen as of higher priority when compared to other aspirations of the person. In the contemporary world and in the recent past, we have witnessed an increase of the female participation in the workforce. Furthermore, with the changing work environments, we have seen rapid increase of women's participation in the economy. With this paper we look to observe and analyse, the conceived conflict between traditional motherhood and that of modern economic participation. Whether this conflict is existent and if yes, to what extent is it a challenge in performing either of the roles are the some of the questions we would like to observe the answers to. Whether modern concepts of motherhood are in contention to the traditional defined roles of motherhood when observed in the case of working mothers will be looked upon further. We will also look to analyse whether working mothers are at a disadvantage in terms of either of their roles i.e.: as a mother or as a working professional.

Keywords: motherhood, duty, role, society, labour, identity, gender



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Introduction

Motherhood confers upon a woman the responsibility of raising a child. This process also

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57. **Title of the article** Linguistic Ethnicity in India: A Study of Language as a symbol of identity

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LINGUISTIC ETHNICITY IN INDIA: A STUDY OF LANGUAGE AS A SYMBOL OF IDENTITY

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Abstract

It was in 1953, that the 'word' *ethnicity* found its accorded use, to describe the character or quality of an ethnic group. Ethnic Group in turn is derived from the Greek word *Ethnos* that refers to a category of people, who can be distinguished on the basis of their culture, religion, race, or *language*. Any group using one or more of these characteristics for identifying its-self need not be using these identification markers for discrimination. Individuals participating in these categories may assert these criteria for accentuating *in-group solidarity*. Language remains one of the *most significant* medium of establishing this cohesiveness, and it is this feeling of intra group solidarity experienced by a group of people speaking the same dialect or using the same language that we define as *Linguistic Ethnicity*. In this article, there is an attempt made to understand *language as a symbol of ethnic identity*, its role in creation and maintenance of ethnicity and its impact on the society.

Keywords: language, ethnicity, symbols, identity, society, state (India), Regional, indigenous,



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Introduction

In India, over the years more than 1500 mother tongues have been identified. Hindi as you are aware is identified as the National language, followed by **21 other regional languages**

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